THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO. | ATLANTA, GEORGIA, SATURDAY, JANUARY 29, 1870. | VOLUME II---NUMBER 191

EVENING EDITION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, JANUARY 28

To Subscribers.

Your paper will certainly be discontinued at the expiration of your subscription, unless you renew beforehand.

If you want to keep up with the acts of the Legislature, the Supreme Court decisions, and the news of the day, renew your subscriptions at once.

☞ Reading matter on every page.

☞ The Florida Legislature has appointed a committee of three Republicans and two Democrats to enquire in the conduct of Gov. Reed, with a view to impeachment.

Radical Sharpness in North Carolina.

The Radical *regime* in North Carolina is a sharp one. It has even bamboozled the New York brokers—a hard thing to do.

A large quantity of bonds were issued for certain railroad functionaries, and provision made for the interest. The bonds were sold easily, and there the railroad operations halted. This has kicked up a muss among the virtuous, who want the bonds or the work. The Legislature has stopped the interest on the bonds, rendering them worthless, and the speculative railroaders propose to buy the bonds for nothing, and hand them over to the State, with a jolly surplus made out of the brokers.

☞ See Fourth Page.

A RACY DEBATE.

Butler, Bingham and Farnsworth—Three Radicals Pummel Each Other Hard—Spicy Talk.

Mr. Farnsworth moved to pass over all intervening business on the Speaker's table in order to take up the Virginia bill with the Senate amendments.

Mr. Eldridge inquired whether any opportunity for debate was to be given; but Mr Farnsworth declined to make any promise on the subject.

The motion was agreed to, the Democrats voting in the negative.

The bill was then taken up, and the Senate substitute was read.

Mr. Farnsworth moved to concur in the Senate substitute, not because if its provisions were presented originally he would support them. Some of them he thought very bunglingly drawn, and that they would do more harm than good. But he made the motion because he thought that, to throw the question open again to a sea of discussion, and to keep Virginia longer out of representation would be a greater evil than to adopt the Senate bill.

Mr. Cox asked whether the passage of the Senate bill would not be yielding up the position of the House without even the chance of a committee of conference.

Mr. Farnsworth replied that that was a question for the House.

Mr. Bingham said that it would be borne on the Journal of the House that more than three to one of the members had declared for the admission of Virginia without condition. The vote would commend itself to the approval of the country. He had no apology to make here or elsewhere for the position which he then assumed, and which he now reiterated, that it was not in the power of Congress, by exacting fundamental conditions in the admission of a State, to enforce what could not be legitimately enforced on all other States. That being so, he asked that the State of Virginia be admitted under the Senate bill. He eulogized the constitution of Virginia as being more liberal than the constitution of any State west of the Alleghanies. If he thought that under this bill Virginia could be subjected to conditions which might not be imposed on New York or Ohio, he never would vote for the bill.

Mr. Cox suggested that the Senate bill was as obnoxious as the bill reported by the Reconstruction Committee, and which was voted down by the House.

Mr. Bingham replied that it was not quite so obnoxious. He hoped the House would concur in the Senate amendment. His chief purpose was to state to gentlemen on his own side of the House——

Mr. Butler, of Massachusetts. Which side of the House is that? [Laughter.]

Mr. Bingham, (indignantly.) The gentleman is very wise—wise beyond his years. He can not read me out of the party with which I am associated, nor can he blot out my record. Vulgarity is not wit. Assumption is not power. There was no occasion for the inquiry.

"A wit's a feather, and a fool's a rod;
An honest man's the noblest work of God."

[Laughter and much excitement on the floor.]

Mr. Butler, of Massachusetts, took the floor, and the interest in the discussion seemed to be on the increase. He said he would begin where the gentleman from Ohio had left off—not with a misquotation, but simply to say that he had never threatened to read the gentleman out of the Republican party. Nobody could do that but himself. Whether he had done that in passing the Virginia bill through the House by a snap judgment, and with the aid of his Democratic allies, the country would judge. Whether the gentleman was to have an ovation when he went to Virginia he did not know, but he had seen some hint of that kind in the papers. He should like to be present in spirit where he could look on, not embodied, and see the Virginians toasting the man whom all their papers announced as the murderer of Mrs. Surratt. [Excitement.] What a sight! The lion and—no, not the lamb, but another animal. [Laughter.] He referred to the colloquy passed by the gentleman from Ohio on the Virginia constitution, and said that it was not the work of Virginia statesmen, but of carpet-baggers and scallawags and negroes from the fields.

He regarded the conditions in the bill as a notice to Virginia and all in the county that if she did not maintain, in spirit and in truth, the spirit of the reconstruction acts, Congress held and claimed, and with the help of God and of the loyal people of the country, would exercise power to place her back again where she had been. He did not know what new lights the gentleman from Ohio had got which induced him to support the Senate bill, which was substantially the bill reported by the Reconstruction Committee.

Mr. Farnsworth said he understood very well the allusions made by Mr. Butler to the acting chairman of the Reconstruction Committee, and he had a word to say on that subject. He would not allow himself to be instructed in Republicanism by the gentleman from Massachusetts. He had been a Republican for twenty-five years when the gentleman from Massachusetts was chasing fugitive slaves all over the State. [Laughter and clapping of hands on the Democratic side.] He had been doing all he could at the Chicago Convention for the nomination of a Republican President, when the gentleman from Massachusetts was at the Charleston Convention voting for Jeff. Davis. [Laughter.] He had voted for the Republican party in 1860, when the gentleman from Massachusetts was voting for Breckinridge, of Kentucky. He knew that the gentleman, with his facility for getting on the other side, when his allies deserted him, went over, and he knew that his conviction and desertion was so sudden that it shamed that of St. Paul. [Laughter.] The lightning that blazed around him, that focal blaze that illuminated his understanding shamed into darkness the light that shone around St. Paul. But he knew that the gentleman was somewhat like Peter, when he had deserted his Master. His desertion was so recent that he was obliged to curse and swear to make the people believe that his desertion was genuine. [Laughter.] So the gentleman from Massachusetts was obliged to be exceedingly Radical in order to make the people believe that his conversion was genuine. [Laughter.] He understood that the gentleman's attack was on the gentleman from Ohio, (Mr. Bingham,) but he [illegible] probably named him too, only he knew that he (Mr. Farnsworth) had a chance to reply.

Mr. Butler said that his reason was that he had held the floor by that gentleman's courtesy, and, therefore, did not think it well to arraign him at that time for his sins. [Laughter.]

Mr. Farnsworth—continuing his remarks—reminded the House that Mr. Butler had opposed him every time that he tried to introduce a bill for the admission of Virginia, and had stated the last time, two days before the recess, that the committee wanted further testimony.

Mr. Butler remarked that the evidence he then wanted was as to the ratification of the 15th Amendment.

Mr. Farnsworth said that that was not remarkable, because three days before that the Secretary of State had notified Congress that Virginia had ratified the 15th Amendment. [Laughter.] It was the gentleman from Massachusetts who had barred the door against Virginia, and would bar it to-day, but that he knew it to be inevitable that the bill would pass. In conclusion he said that if he thought the House would non-concur, and refer the matter to a Committee of Conference, he would vote to non-concur, but as he was satisfied that the House would not, he would vote to concur.

Mr. Ward said he would support the Senate bill, as he understood it to contain all the essential fundamental conditions that were contained in the bill as reported from the Reconstruction Committee.

Mr. Morgan opposed the substitute, and said that, for its action toward Virginia, the Forty-First Congress would be known in history as the perfidious Congress.

Mr. Cox took the same ground, and asked the Republican side whether they would dare to stamp the brand of inferiority on New York or Ohio that this bill stamped on Virginia—whether they would dare to interfere with the common school system or the jury system of New York or Ohio?

Mr. Logan said he was one of those who had voted for the admission of Virginia free of conditions, and would do so again under similar circumstances, but he would now vote for the substitute. He would not inquire who it was that had been working in the lobbies of the Senate to have the bill sent back to the House, so that some gentleman might have an opportunity of flagellating, in language peculiar to himself his fellow members, nor would he enter into personalities. He had not himself been a Republican so long as to allow the moss to grow upon him, and therefore he did not propose to canvass anybody's action, but neither would he allow any other person to be a censor over him. He did not see any inconsistency in voting now for this bill on the very statement of the gentleman from Massachusetts himself that the conditions imposed were a mere notice to Virginia that she had better behave herself.

Messrs. Fitch and Kellogg, who had originally supported Mr. Bingham's bill announced their intention, without approving of the Senate bill, to vote for it.

Mr. Shanks sarcastically invited all the penitents to come up at once and make confession. [Laughter.]

Mr. Farnsworth's motion was agreed to, and the Senate substitute concurred in by a strict party vote—yeas 136, nays 57.

STATE CORRESPONDENCE.

A Marriage in High Life—Mercer University—Crops.

GREENSBORO, GA., Jan. 27, 1870.

The heavy rain of Monday has been followed by a few very pleasant and spring-like days. Yesterday was particularly brilliant and balmy, and right glad was many a heart that it was thus, for it was the wedding day of one of our most estimable and accomplished young ladies, Miss Lucy Ruger, daughter of Dr. Ruger, and grand-daughter of that stern old Roman, the late Hon. Daniel Ruger, of South Carolina, and Dr. John Elliott, son of the late lamented Bishop of the Diocese of Georgia. They were married in the Episcopal church, which was beautifully dressed with flowers and evergreens, by the brother of the groom, Rev. R. W. B. Elliott, assisted by the Rector, Rev. J. Knowles. The church was brilliantly lighted, and evergreens and flowers, and gay dresses, and beautiful and happy faces, conspired to make a fairy scene in our somewhat dull village.

After lingering for a few hours and receiving the hearty congratulations of their friends, the bridal party left on the train; and after spending a few days with their relations in Bartow, the happy couple will make their residence at Sewanee, Tenn., the seat of the Southern University, in which Dr. E. holds a professorship, and where he will make his mark. They are followed by the best wishes of their hosts of friends.

Mercer University resumed its exercises on yesterday, with fair prospects of a prosperous year.

It is gratifying to know that our colleges and high schools are generally prosperous.

The people are preparing for another crop, and the last few warm days are tempting our girls into the garden. I fear some of them, like their wayward mother, may get bit.

We occasionally hear of political troubles in your city; but we are becoming very careless on the subject. *

Georgia News.

The Augusta Constitutionalist says the burglars are at work.

The Greensboro Herald says Greensboro has a Keno rink. Greensboro is looking up.

PROFESSIONS.—There are in Columbus about thirty-six lawyers and forty-two physicians.—*Col. Sun.*

SHORT HANDED.—The complaints this year are unusually numerous, of the trouble of procuring farm hands.—*Hawkinsville Dispatch.*

THE FAITHFUL BARD PROVIDED FOR.—The Griffin Star says: We understand that Grant, in pure self-defense, has appointed Bard Census-taker for Georgia, which has put Dan Johnson's nose "out of *jint*."

THE LATE CATHOLIC FAIR.—The net proceeds of the late Fair at St. Andrew's Hall, for the benefit of the orphan girls in charge of the Sisters of Mercy, amounted to $3,100.—[*Savannah Republican.*

SAD AND FATAL ACCIDENT.—Lawrence Phillips, an estimable young man, was accidentally killed on Friday last, by the falling of a bridge at Camp's Mill, in Carroll county.—*Peoples Defender.*

EMIGRANTS.—The tide of emigration still swells. About seventy-five negroes, from Virginia, passed up the Georgia Railroad last night, *en route* to Alabama, as laborers on Gen. Forrest's Alabama Railroad. They arrived here on Tuesday night, but could not secure transportation until last night.—[*Augusta Constitutionalist.*

The Savannah News represents the Calico Ball to have been a grand success. The Savannah people are making grand preparations for the excursionists. A large delegation meet them half way; collations, boat races, music, steamboat excursions, unlimited punch, etc., are to be the order of the day.

PERSONAL.—We acknowledge the pleasure of a call on Monday last from T. K. Oglesby, Esq., General traveling agent of THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION and St. Louis Home Journal.

There is no better newspaper in Georgia than THE CONSTITUTION; each number teems with the latest intelligence from every portion of the State and Republic; its selections are interesting, and its editorials sprightly, dignified and forcible.—*Newnan Defender.*

THE GEORGIA STATE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY NOT A BANKRUPT.—Hon. David W. Lewis, Secretary of the Georgia State Agricultural Society, publishes a card in the Macon Telegraph, in which he says: "Persons having demands for premiums will have [illegible] for the same with Mr. Wing. Those having moneyed demands will file them with Mr. Wm. [illegible], Treasurer of the Society. I will, on my return to this city, early in February, examine and settle all that are regular."

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 28.—A somewhat sensational Washington correspondent says, regarding Corbin's evidence before the Gold Horror Committee. "Mr. Corbin admitted that he was engaged in speculations with Jay Gould, and the impression produced on some members of the Committee was that he led Gould to believe that he had influence with the President, through Mrs. Corbin, the President's sister, and thus got Gould to embark in the speculation."

The committees have done nothing to-day.

In the Senate Johnson was seated.

Other action unimportant.

The House passed a resolution making the public printer elective in joint session.

Gibson and Swaine were seated from Virginia.

PARIS, Jan. 28.—The Corps Legislatif is much excited over the English Commercial Treaty. Lord Clarendon is here to watch the progress of events. The present treaty expires February 4th.

The La Creuzot strike has ended. Schneider, President of the Senate, and Chief Proprietor of La Creuzot Works, attributes the strike to English machinations.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, January 28.—Stocks dull. Money easy, 6a7. Exchange—long 9; short 9¾. Gold 1 21⅛. 1862s, coupons, 15¾. Tennessee sixes, ex-coupons 54; new 45¾. Virginia sixes, ex-coupons, 57; new 62½. Louisianas sixes—old 70; new 64. Levee sixes 63½. Alabama eights 93; 5s. 63; Georgia sixes 80½; 7s 92. North Carolinas, old 41⅜; new 24⅜. South Carolinas, new, 78¼; old 81¾.

Flour without material change. Wheat dull, without decided change. Corn dull, drooping. Pork dull; mess 26 50a27 25. Lard dull at 16¼a16¾. Cotton quiet, steady at 25⅝. Turpentine firmer at 46½. Rosin firm at 2 15a2 20 for common to good strained. Freights dull.

LONDON. Noon, January 28.—Consols 92⅝. Bonds 87½. Tallow declining.

LIVERPOOL, January 28, noon.—Cotton steady; uplands 11¾; Orleans 11⅞a12; sales 12,000 bales; sales for the week 97,000 bales; exports 13,000 bales; speculation 25,000 bales; stock 300,000 bales, of which 114,000 are American; receipts for the week 28,000 bales, of which 8,000 were American. Corn 27s 3d.

PARIS, January 28.—Bourse opened firm; Rentes 73f. 85c.

HAVRE, January 28.—Cotton active both on spot and afloat at 139f.

Supreme Court—Morning Session.

Reported Expressly for The Constitution.]

S. C. McDaniel, Esq., was admitted to this bar. Argument was resumed and concluded in No. 8, Macon Circuit.

No. 9 was argued. It is James C. McBurney vs. Walter J. Hollingsworth. Motion for a new trial from Bibb. O. A. Lochrane, Bacon, Summers, R. H. Clark for plaintiff in error. Lanier and Anderson for defendant.

Court adjourned till 3 o'clock, P. M.

GEORGIA LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

FRIDAY, Jan. 28, 1870.

Senate met at 10 o'clock, and was called to order by the President.

Prayer by Rev. Mr. Prettyman.

Roll called, and Journal of yesterday read and approved.

On motion of Mr. HARRIS, the Senate took a recess till 12 M.

12 O'CLOCK, M.

Senate met at 12 o'clock, M., and was called to order by the President.

Mr. SPEER moved that the Senate adjourn until to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

Mr. NUNNALLY moved that they adjourn to meet January 29th, 1900.

Mr. BROCK wished to know if the President had any information which he could give the Senate as to any certainty of a session being held to-morrow, or at any other time?

The PRESIDENT stated to the Senate that he was looking daily for a communication to the Senate, and did not know when it might be received.

Mr. SPEER'S motion was carried, and the Senate adjourned until to-morrow, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

FRIDAY, January 28.

House called to order at the hour of 12, M., by the Speaker, Hon. R. L. McWhorter.

Prayer by the Rev. C. W. Francis.

ANDERSON arose to speak. The Speaker said the first business in order was the reading of the Journal of yesterday. Mr. Anderson said there was no Journal of yesterday, as there was no Clerk duly elected and authorized, and he protested against any reading of the proceedings of yesterday.

The SPEAKER overruled the objection, and one Johnson proceeded to read the Journal.

Mr. SHUMATE, of Whitfield, said the Journal of the 26th inst. should be read; but the Speaker ordered the Journal proceeded with.

O'NEAL, of Loundes, arose to speak, but the Speaker said he wished to have an order read from the General Commanding.

A Mr. Newton then read a communication from Gov. Bullock to Gen. Terry, asking for his written approval of his order of yesterday. Gen. Terry's reply was that he approved of that order.

O'NEAL, of Lowndes, moved to reconsider the action of the House on yesterday in reversing the Speaker, and made a speech, and resigned the floor to Darnell who called the previous question.

PRICE, of Lumpkin, raised a point of order. He said that O'Neal never gave any notice on yesterday of a motion to reconsider.

The Speaker overruled him, and said his objection came too late.

Numerous members attempted to be heard, but the speaker pushed the question to a vote.

Mr. SCOTT, in the din, moved to adjourn, and called on the Speaker to sustain his ruling of yesterday. The Speaker overruled the motion to adjourn, and the vote being taken, declared the motion carried.

The Speaker then put the question, "shall the decision of the Speaker be sustained?"

On this question the yeas and nays were called.

When Mr. Tumlin's name was called, he arose to say that he regarded the whole thing as premature, and therefore voted "No."

The yeas were 68; nays 58.

The Speaker declared the motion to sustain the Speaker carried.

Mr. TWEEDY offered a resolution which was read.

This was, with a number of whereases, that the House seat the claimant members.

Mr. BRYANT arose to a point of order.

McWHORTER would not notice him; but put the previous question, and declared it carried.

Yeas and nays were called.

Mr. BRYANT again demanded to be heard on a point of order, but amid much confusion the Speaker bullied him and everybody else out of any points of order.

The Clerk, *pro tem.*, Mr. Newton (as announced by the President,) proceeded with the call of the yeas and nays. The confusion and noise was so great that the responses of many members could not be heard.

Newton, the *pro tem.* Clerk by appointment of McWhorter, and the Speaker rushed the call and verification thereof so rapidly that members, amid the noise, could not tell how they were recorded as voting, but the Speaker declared there were 68 yeas and 58 nays, and that the claimants should be sworn in.

Mr. SCOTT gave notice that he would to-morrow morning move to reconsider, and that the swearing, therefore, could not proceed, and he protested against it.

The SPEAKER overruled the objection, and directed the claimants to come forward and be qualified.

Mr. SCOTT then moved to adjourn, and said if the Speaker was an honest man, he would hear it. [Terrible row.]

Great confusion followed these arbitrary measures. Tweedy's whiskers approached Bryant, and there was great danger of instant collision.

Loud cries of order.

Mr. ANDERSON, of Cobb, obtained the floor, and asked that the motion to adjourn be withdrawn. He said he was for order and the dignity of the House. The honor of the members demanded it. Let the swearing proceed. He would preserve his self-respect. The Speaker had refused to hear any points of order, and even though they were oppressed, he demanded order. If the Speaker forgot his self-respect, that was his own concern.

Order was restored.

The motion to adjourn was lost.

The following persons then came forward and were qualified:

Cass—W. L. Goodwin.
Carroll—J. R. Thomas (c)
Upson—William Guilford. (c)
Jones—Hutchings. (c)
Fulton—Henry C. Holcombe.

[Mr. Holcombe bowed very low when he took the oaths.]

Spalding—Charles O. Johnson.

[This proves to be the same one who was figuring as a *quasi* Clerk in the House to-day and yesterday. After being sworn, he stepped back and continued the call.]

Dooly—Joseph Armstrong.
Gordon—J. B. Nesbitt.

[No credentials of these members were offered, but they were passed in, all in a bunch.]

The SPEAKER then declared that the next business in order was the election of a Clerk.

John J. Newton, of (some county?)
Mark A. Harden, of Bartow.
Spalding, of ——.
Cleghorn, ——, of Muscogee.
Were announced as candidates.

Mr. SCOTT stated that he raised this point of order, that there were other members here to be sworn in. He mentioned members elect under Bullock's proclamation, from Madison, Telfair, Marion, Wilcox and Irwin counties, and demanded that they too be sworn in.

The SPEAKER said they might be sworn in after awhile, but not now.

Mr. SCOTT then said that he desired to say that if it were true, as the Speaker said, that he was acting under positive orders from Mr. Bullock on Gen. Terry, he had no more to say, he submitted to the bayonet; but if this thing were proceeding according to the Speaker's own volition and absolute will, he would be found standing up and attempting to prevent this, and all the other outrages of this day, upon the Constitution and the laws of this State, and this flagrantly unjust trampling upon the rights of the House, and the good people of this grand old, but down-trodden, Commonwealth. [Immense applause.]

The SPEAKER said he would have the galleries cleared, and his dignity preserved.

When Mr. Scott's name was called in the election of Clerk, he said, believing the Constitution and laws were being overridden, he declined to vote.

The Speaker then declared that the vote stood as follows:

Number of votes cast 128, necessary to a choice 65.

Newton	78
Harden	26
Cleghorn	13
Carrington	7
Spalding	3
A. L. Harris	1

Leave of absence was here granted to several members.

Motion to adjourn was lost.

Motion to go into election for Messenger was made and carried.

Mr. TUMLIN nominated that well known and faithful old public servant, Uncle Jesse Oslin.

Sims (c) nominated Moses H. Bently. (c)

The Speaker declared the vote stood as follows:

Total number cast. 000.
Necessary to a choice. 00.
Bently received 00.
Oslin received 00.

The Speaker declared Bently elected Messenger.

[Applause from Radical side. No objection from the Speaker.]

The SPEAKER then said that the election for Doorkeeper was in order.

A. H. Gaston, of Bibb, J. Lineberger, Jesse, Oslin, James B Gordon and T. N. Satterfield, were nominated.

Col. TURNIPSEED nominated his particular friend, A. L. Harris. [Much applause.]

The SPEAKER said, "Nothing like fidelity—it has its reward."

The SPEAKER declared that the vote for Door-keeper stood as follows:

Total cast 118; necessary to a choice 60

Gaston, (c)	57
Lineberger,	60
Satterfield,	1

The SPEAKER declared Mr. Lineberger elected.

Some indignant African objected to this as incorrect. The Speaker ordered the vote verified again, and announced that it thus stood:

Lineberger,	61
Gaston, (c)	57
Satterfield,	1

And that Lineberger was elected.

House then adjourned till 10 o'clock, A. M., to-morrow.

The SPEAKER first announcing that he would, to morrow, ask leave of absence for himself for a few days.

Leave of absence granted to Warren, of Quitman and Tumlin, of Randolph.

[After the adjournment, Tweedy, Fitzpatrick, and another Bullockite, made a ferocious assault upon Capt. J. E. Bryant, of Augusta.]

There is nothing more gratifying than the steady march of progress in enterprise in the county of Cobb. Our readers will have seen that the fourth Factory in the county is about to be put operation under the direction of gentlemen amply sustained and of well-tried business qualifications.—[*Marietta Journal.*

☞ We are pleased with the energy manifested on the Cartersville and Van Wert Railroad. Many hundreds of hands are busy with pick, shovel and barrow, and already the work is being done on the other side of the Etowah, on the Rowland plantation, over four miles away.—*Cartersville Express*

In a conversation here some days ago, Governor Walker said that he knew of $19,000,000 of capital now awaiting the admission of Virginia, to be invested in the State. I am also informed on credible authority that a present wealthy resident of Albemarle county has over $3,000,000 invested in English securities which will be transferred to Virginia as soon as the State is re-admitted to the Union.—*Richmond Letter, Petersburg Courier.*

BREAKING JAIL.—Eight or ten prisoners broke out of the jail at Canton, on the 14th inst., and made their escape. Two of them were charged with murder. The notorious Andy Rhodes, who has twice before broke out of jail, and Beck, another notorious horse thief were among them. We are told that the whole crowd that escaped, except the two murderers, were charged with horse stealing.—*Rome Courier.*

ARRESTED.—Robert P. Bellah, charged with the murder of a negro man in Troup county, and for whom a reward of one thousand dollars was offered by Gov. Bullock, was captured a few days since in Henry county, and is now in the custody of the civil authority.—*Newnan Defender.*

NEW CHURCHES.—St. Mark's Protestant Episcopal Church building is being rushed right along now, and with good weather will soon be finished. It will be a very handsome structure.

The Roman Catholic Church is fast approaching completion. It is now being roofed in. It presents an attractive appearance.—*Dalton Citizen.*

A PROCLAMATION.

GEORGIA:

By Rufus B. Bullock, Governor of said State.

Whereas, Official information has been received at this Department that a murder was committed in the County of Bartow, on the 11th day of Dec. 1869. upon the body of Cornelius Smith by James McCoy, and that the said McCoy has fled from justice;

I have thought proper, therefore, to issue this my Proclamation, hereby offering a Reward of Two Hundred and fifty dollars for the apprehension and delivery of the said McCoy, with evidence sufficient to convict, to the Sheriff of said County and State.

And I do moreover charge and require all officers of this State, civil and military, to be vigilant in endeavoring to apprehend the said James McCoy, in order that he may be brought to trial for the offense with which he stands charged.

Given under my hand and the great Seal of the State, at the Capitol in Atlanta, this 25th day of Jan., in the year of our Lord, Eighteen Hundred and Seventy, and of the Independence of the United States of America, the Ninety-Fourth.

RUFUS B. BULLOCK, Governor.

By the Governor:
DAVID G. COTTING, Secretary of State.

DESCRIPTION:

The said James McCoy is about 18 years old, of fair complexion, light hair and medium size.

jan27-d3t-w1t

Notice! Notice!!

ALL Furniture made by the Cherokee Manufacturing Company, at Dalton, Ga., may be delivered in Atlanta at 57 cts. per hundred pounds, or $25 per car load. jan27-d1m

M. E. JONES & CO., Practical Slaters,

Atlanta, - - - - Georgia. POST-OFFICE BOX 90.

SLATE ROOFS put up in any part of the South with utmost dispatch. All work done at the lowest rates and in the best manner.
Jobbing of all kinds promptly attended to.
Orders addressed as above will receive prompt attention.
All work warranted.
Also, Agents for Georgia State. oct21-d6m

IN the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Georgia.—In the matter of Zimmerman & Verdery, in Bankruptcy. The undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment of Assignee of above named Bankrupts, (who have been so adjudged upon creditors' petition,) and his acceptance of the same.
jan6 doaw3w A. B. CULBERSON.
Era please copy.

FOUND,

TWO bunches of KEYS, which the owner can have by proving property and paying for this advertisement. jan14-dtf

JOHN H. KING, COMMISSION MERCHANT,

Atlanta, Georgia, Forsyth Street, between Opera House and Railroad jan14-d3m

OLD CAROLINA BITTERS.

A DELIGHTFUL TONIC

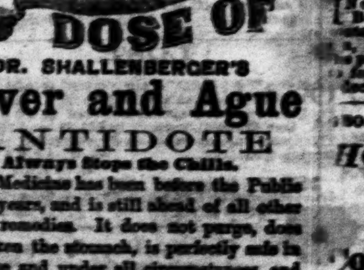
We take great pleasure in offering the **Old Carolina Bitters** to the public. They are compounded with great care, and contain some of the best Tonics in the Pharmacopia. As evidence of the superiority of our Bitters over all others, we have certificates from many of the leading physicians in our State, who have prescribed them in their practice.

THE OLD CAROLINA BITTERS Will be found invaluable for Want of Appetite, General Debility, Chills and Fever and Dyspepsia.

We do not offer our Bitters as a cure for all diseases, but as an Aromatic Tonic, they have no equal.

For sale by all Druggists in Atlanta. Principal Depot, GOODRICH, WINEMAN & CO., Importers of Choice Drugs and Chemicals, jan19-d1y Charleston, S. C.

TO THE WORKING CLASS.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time or for the spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50c. to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business, we make this unparalleled offer: To such as are not well satisfied, we will send $1 to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, a valuable sample, which will do to commence work on, and a copy of *The People's Literary Companion*—one of the largest and best family newspapers published—all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address E. C. ALLEN & CO., Augusta, Maine. oct26-d&w3m



DR. SHALLENBERGER'S **Fever and Ague** ANTIDOTE Always Stops the Chills.

This Medicine has been before the Public fifteen years, and is still ahead of all other known remedies. It does not purge, does not sicken the stomach, is perfectly safe in any dose and under all circumstances, and is the only Medicine that will CURE IMMEDIATELY and permanently every form of Fever and Ague, because it is a perfect Antidote to Malaria. Sold by all Druggists. nov13-d&wly

To Cotton Planters.

FOR SALE, 1,000 BUSHELS GENUINE HUNT **Cotton Seed!** The best Short Staple in the country. Apply or address J. J. PEARCE, BUTLER & CO., Cotton Factors, Augusta, Ga. [illegible]

Baltimore Notices.

GEORGE PAGE & CO. MANUFACTURERS OF PATENT PORTABLE CIRCULAR **SAW MILLS,** Also Stationary and Portable Steam Engines, &c. No. 5 Schroeder Street, BALTIMORE, MD.

☞ Send for Catalogues and Price-Lists. july27-d1y

Established 1850. **LAWRENCE D. DEITZ & CO.,** Importers and Dealers in **NOTIONS, FANCY GOODS,** Hosiery, Gloves, etc., 308 W. BALTIMORE St., Between Howard and Liberty, oct1-d3m BALTIMORE.

Educational.

Griffin Male Institute. GEO. C. LOONEY, A. D. CANDLER, A. M. } Principals.

THE SPRING TERM of 1870, will begin January 18, and embrace six scholastic months. The entire expense to a pupil of this School, for TUITION AND BOARD, Including Lodging and Fuel, for the Spring Term, need not exceed $130, to be paid in advance. Apply to Principals for Circulars. Griffin, Ga., Dec 15, 1869-d3m

LaGrange Female College, LaGRANGE, GEORGIA.

THE EXERCISES of this Institution, under a new organization, will begin **Monday, January 24, 1870.** The College building will be thoroughly repaired and elegantly furnished. The Board of Instruction will be constituted of the BEST EDUCATORS that can be secured in the South. For further information address: REV. MORGAN CALLAWAY, President LaGrange Female College, dec21-d2m LaGrange, Ga

GREAT BARGAINS. **FURNITURE, FURNITURE, FURNITURE!**

I WOULD Respectfully inform the citizens of Atlanta, and the public generally, that I have just received the largest and most elegant stock of Furniture ever before offered in the South, consisting of PARLOR, BED ROOM, —AND— **Dining Room Sets.** And every thing pertaining to the Furniture Trade; and having bought them directly of the Manufacturers, at Net Cash Prices, I am determined to sell them **Lower than any House in the South.** I have always on hand a very fine Assortment of PARLOR MIRRORS. Call and examine my stock, No. 68, Whitehall street, 2d door below J. H. James' New Building. Remember the place, 68 WHITEHALL STREET, nov11-d3m CHARLES BOHNEFELD.

VULCAN WORKS, Chattanooga, Tenn. S. B. LOWE, GENERAL PARTNER, ARE now prepared to offer to Merchants, at reduced rates, a full assortment of COMMON BAR IRON, TIRE, ROUNDS, SQUARES, HORSE SHOE, BAND, HOOP, PLOW PLATE, etc. —ALSO— To RAILROAD COMPANIES, a superior quality of IRON, manufactured from Tennessee Charcoal Pig and Bloom, HAMMERED CAR AXLES, DRIVING AXLES, BRIDGE BOLTS, Freight and Passenger Car Irons, complete, PISTON RODS, SHAFTING. —ALSO— All sizes FLAT, ROUNDS and SQUARES. Address S. B. LOWE, april21-d1y Chattanooga, Tenn.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS. MACON AND WESTERN RAILROAD COMPANY, Macon, Ga., December 24, 1869. IN consequence of the opening of the Macon and Brunswick Railroad, and there being now two routes from Macon to Savannah, shippers of cotton, produce, etc., will designate to the Agent at the point of shipment by which route they wish it forwarded. [illegible] H. W. BRONSON, M. T.

GEO. J. HOWARD, J. J. McKOY. **HOWARD & McKOY.** GROCERS AND Commission Merchants Marietta Street, Atlanta, Ga. HAVE NOW IN STORE A WELL SELECTED Assortment of *Groceries, Bacon, Bulk Meats,* And Family Supplies, *Of All Descriptions.* And Fine Wines and Liquors by the gallon or bottle. They also invite special attention to their [illegible] Sugar Cured Hams of their own curing. [illegible]

Savannah Notices.

GROOVER, STUBBS & CO. COTTON FACTORS —AND— Commission Merchants, BAY STREET, SAVANNAH, - - - GEORGIA. LIBERAL ADVANCES ON COTTON CONSIGNED to our Correspondents in New York and Liverpool. C. E. GROOVER, Savannah, Ga. C. F. STUBBS, Savannah, Ga. A. T. MACINTYRE, Thomasville, Ga. aug19-d6m

GEN. A. H. COLQUITT. JAMES BAGGS. H. H. COLQUITT. **COLQUITT & BAGGS, COTTON FACTORS** —AND— COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Bay Street, Savannah, Ga. sep30-dtf

WM. WOOD & CO.,

UNDERTAKERS AND UPHOLSTERS, keep on hand all qualities of Fisk's Metallic Burial Cases; also, all kinds of Wood Coffins. Will attend to Funerals at any hour, with a beautiful first class Hearse furnished or for hire. Carriages etc., will be furnished. All kinds of Upholstery work done. Furniture repaired, varnished, etc. ☞ Office—Broad street, near the Post-office. All orders will be promptly attended to. apr29-d1y.

REMOVAL. THE KENNESAW FLOUR MILLS DEPOT has been removed to Glenn & Wright's Warehouse, on Forsyth street, where they will be glad to meet all their friends and patrons. jan1-d1m J. H. KETNER, Agent

THE TOSELLI PATENT ICE MACHINES, PRODUCING transparent Ice in 10 to 20 minutes, simple in construction, requiring no steam power. Suitable for all climates and easy to manipulate. The refrigerant consists of harmless chemicals, which is evaporated after every operation. Cost of Ice in quantities, $6 to $8 per ton. Address G. B. NEWMAN, No. 31 Maiden Lane, New York. dec28-d1y

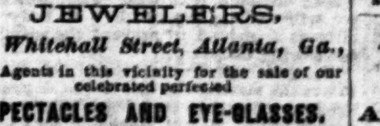
DISSOLUTION! THE co-partnership heretofore existing between Willis P. Chisolm and Francis M Jack under the firm name of F. M. Jack & Co., in the City of Atlanta, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. F. M. JACK will collect all debts due said F. M. Jack & Co., and pay all the claims against said Company. This 28th day of December, 1869. F. M. JACK, W. P. CHISOLM.

THANKING my friends and the public for the past patronage and hoping they will continue their future orders. I remain yours, F. M. JACK. jan4-dtf

BULK MEAT, CORN, HAY, ETC. 50,000 LBS Bulk Meat. 5,000 Lbs. Lard. 200 0 Lbs Wheat Bran 100 Bales of Hay. 200 Barrels Flour. 100 Sacks and half Sacks Flour. 500 Bushels Corn 25 Barrels Apples 50 Barrels Russet Potatoes. For Sale low for Cash by CHARLES F. BENSON, Provision and Produce Com Merchant, jan8-dtf Forsyth St., near State House.

Garden Seeds! Garden Seeds! GARDEN, FIELD AND FLOWER SEEDS! Osage Orange, —AND— BROOM CORN SEED, ETC., ARRIVING in endless variety, at Wholesale and Retail, at MARK W. JOHNSON'S, Guano Depot, December 29, 1869-d&w1m Broad street.

CERTAIN PRESERVATION OF SIGHT!



WE HAVE APPOINTED *LAWSHE & HAYNES,* JEWELERS, *50 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.,* Sole Agents in this vicinity for the sale of our celebrated perfected SPECTACLES AND EYE-GLASSES. The peculiar form of Lens with which they are set, the purity and hardness of the material, the beauty of finish, and not least the Scientific ACCURACY WITH WHICH THEY are GROUND, Render them altogether the most desirable. They assist the sight most perfectly, cause a continuous and ABIDING IMPROVEMENT In the Eyes, are especially easy and pleasant to wear, and last a GREAT MANY YEARS, Without requiring to be changed, so are the CHEAPEST AS WELL AS THE BEST. CAUTION.—We never supply or employ any peddlers. LAZARUS & MORRIS, Manufacturing Opticians, Hartford, Conn. jan13-d1m

WM. H. HULSEY. W. A. TIGNER. *Hulsey & Tigner,* ATTORNEYS AT LAW, ATLANTA, GA. Office up First Stairway below James' Bank, Hugo's Building, Whitehall Street, will attend to all business entrusted to them in the Circuit, and will also practice in the U. S. Court for the Northern District of Georgia. jan27-d1m

J. J. WILLIAMS, Atlanta, Ga. | ANDERSON & RHEA, London, Tenn. **J. J. WILLIAMS & CO.,** GRAIN AND PROVISION DEALERS, —AND— PORK PACKERS, Warehouse of Glenn & Wright, Atlanta, - - Georgia. HAVING leased a part of the Commodious Warehouse of Glenn & Wright, and otherwise increased our facilities, we beg to renew the tender of our services. We have now in store, which we OFFER TO THE TRADE a large stock of CORN, OATS, RYE, WHEAT, HAY, BARLEY, BACON, LARD, etc. Also, a choice lot of BULK SIDES, SHOULDERS AND HAMS, of our own Packing. And LEAF LARD put up expressly for family use, in tin cans. [illegible] J. J. WILLIAMS & CO

NOTICE. THE Copartnership existing between Cobb & [illegible], has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The debts and business of the firm will be settled by [illegible] P. COBB, Agent.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

Subscription Rates, Payable in Advance.

DAILY CONSTITUTION, per annum $10 00; Six months 5 00; One month 1 00; Single papers 10.

All subscriptions are payable strictly in advance; and, at the expiration of the time for which payment is made, unless previously renewed, the name of the subscriber will be stricken from our books.

CLUB RATES. Ten copies [illegible]; Twenty copies [illegible]. News dealers liberally contracted with. WEEKLY CONSTITUTION, per annum [illegible]; Six months [illegible].

Terms cash, before or on demand after the first insertion. Advertisements must be marked for a specified time. Advertisements inserted at intervals will be charged as new each insertion. All advertisements, or notices of advertisements, under "Local Business," are chargeable at the rate of *TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER LINE* for each insertion. No notice will appear for a less sum than *ONE DOLLAR.* Advertisements under the head of "Special Notices," *TWENTY CENTS PER LINE* for first insertion, and *TEN CENTS* for each subsequent insertion. The above prices will be charged for transient advertisements.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

☞ Cards of six lines or less, under this head, inserted for twenty-five dollars for one year; fifteen dollars for six months; ten dollars for three months; five dollars for one month. Payable in advance.

MASONIC. ATLANTA LODGE, NO. 59, meets in Ryan's building, Whitehall street. Regular Communication the Second and Fourth Thursday's of each month. G. T. ANDERSON, W. M. W. W. GRANT, Secretary.

LAWYERS. MYNATT & DELL, Attorney at Law, Atlanta, Ga., office in Hillyer's new Building, on Alabama street, between Broad and Whitehall streets, over the Georgia Loan and Trust Company's Bank. nov1-dtf

T. STOBO FARROW, Attorney at Law, Atlanta, Ga. Office on Broad street, Granite Block, No. 2—adjoining rooms of "Young Men's Library Association." oct21-d6m

EVAN P. HOWELL, Attorney at Law, third room, up-stairs, Moore & Marsh's new building, Decatur street. july1-dly

PHYSICIANS AND DENTISTS. DR. E. S. BILLUPS, Resident Dentist. Office over Chamberlin and Boynton's, Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga. jan7-dtf

E. B. MARSHALL AND W. BRADLEY, Dentists—Front Rooms over Lawshe & Haynes' Jewelry Store, Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga. nov14-dtf

WATCHES AND JEWELRY. WM. BOLLMAN, Dealer in Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Gold Pens, Spectacles, &c., Whitehall street, second door above Lynch & Co.'s Book Store, Atlanta, Ga. Repairing done in good style and warranted. nov1-dly

UPHOLSTERY. A. ERGENZINGER, Upholsterer and Dealer in Furniture and Manufacturer of Bedding, Feathers Renovated, Hunter street, near Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga. oct21-d6m

Hotels.

FICKEN HOUSE, PEACHTREE STREET, *BY MR. AND MRS. J. ARCHER.* REGULAR and transient boarders taken at moderate rates. Good Fare and excellent accommodation. nov9-d6m

HUSON HOUSE, Kingston, - - - Georgia. THE above House has been refurnished and will be kept as a first-class House. MRS. H. HOPKINS. jan14-d6m C. A. SMITH.

PLANTERS' HOTEL, AUGUSTA, GA., JOHN A. COLDSTEIN. Has been re-opened and furnished complete in every department, and is strictly a first class Hotel. july9-dly

NATIONAL HOTEL, RAILROAD AVENUE, between 8th and 9th Streets, Twenty Rods from Passenger Depot, CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE. Terms $3 00 per Day. Single Meals 50 Cents. feb8-dly A. L. MILLER, Proprietor.

LaGRANGE HOTEL, P. P. HALL, Proprietor, LaGRANGE, GA. COMPETENT and attentive porters will attend upon the arrival of each train. This Hotel has been thoroughly refurnished with new and elegant Furniture, and is really a first-class House. jan9 6m

TIBBS HOUSE. J. D. CAMPBELL, Proprietor. *Dalton, Georgia.* aug1-dtf

PEEL'S RESTAURANT, MARIETTA STREET, Atlanta, - - - Georgia. JOHN PEEL, Proprietor. *TO THE PUBLIC.* THIS RESTAURANT is connected with a Confectionery and Bakery, and has the advantage over many Restaurants for Fresh Bread, Cakes and Crackers, PURE WINES, BRANDIES & WHISKIES, *Oysters, Fish, Game, Etc.* Conducted by his self and wife. Everything quiet and respectful. For ladies and gentlemen only. dec11-d6m

JOHN I. HALL. | JOS. A. COTTEN. | WM. T. WEAVER. **Hall, Cotten & Weaver,** ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW. Offices in Atlanta and Thomaston, Ga. WILL practice in the counties of Fulton, Cobb, Campbell and DeKalb. Captain J. A. Cotten will give his attention to business in the above counties, and will be found at all times in the office in Atlanta. Will also practice in the counties of Upson, Pike, Crawford, Taylor, Talbot and Merriwether, in the Supreme Court of Georgia and in the District Court of the United States for the northern District of Georgia. Messrs. Hall & Weaver will give attention to business in the above counties and will remain in the office in Thomaston, Ga. dec11-d6m

INK! INK! INK! NEWS INK, —OF— SUPERIOR QUALITY, IN KEGS OF 25 LBS. AND UPWARDS, For Sale by W. A. HEMPHILL & CO. [illegible] Constitution Office.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION.
OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY.
THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION.
DEFIES REFUTATION.
BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.
I. W. AVERY, Editor.
MORNING EDITION.
ATLANTA, GEORGIA, JANUARY 29

OUR CORRESPONDENCE.—Our Paris letter will well pay perusal. We shall have letters regularly from that gay metropolis. We have now a professional journalist at Washington corresponding for us. THE CONSTITUTION is daily enlarging its attractions.

A NEW ATLANTA PAPER.—Atlanta has a new paper. Mr. Otto Palmer is publishing a journal for our German friends under the name of the *Atlanta Deutche Zeitung*. Dr. Ch. Raushburg is the English editor.

We give our new contemporary a cordial greeting.

Members who have Lost their Seats by Changing their Domiciles.

We call the attention of the General Assembly to the fact that a number of the members who were elected from certain counties, have removed their residence and changed their domicile, and are, therefore, under the law, no longer entitled to represent the said counties in the Legislature.

This will include members of both parties, as we are informed, and therefore can not be objected to in any light as a partisan measure.

We think that, now that organization is done, this inquiry is proper. Each county is entitled to its own Representative—a member that is responsible to its citizens as a constituency.

The Situation.

Matters get daily more interesting. The Senate takes its ease. It goes through its daily drill in adjourning, and should be pretty well practiced by this time. The State pays for the evolution largely.

The House yesterday had a stormy time. The Speaker continued his partisan ruling. Everything was done to help the Bullock faction. The action of the day before, declining the "next highest," was reconsidered, and they were sworn in, while others who have been elected to fill vacancies were refused admission. It is generally conceded that the "next highest" issue are Bullock men. This accounts for Gov. Bullock's recommendation, and for the juggling to get them in.

We would call the attention of those Democrats who left the party in the battle for Speakership, to the character of McWhorter's rulings, and how false was the trust they expressed in his disposition to be conservative.

The error committed then was THE error of the campaign. Gov. Bullock understood the value of that victory, and stopped at nothing to gain it, even going to the extent of illegally postponing organization for over two weeks, and breaking the law without scruple. Those who thought that he would have urged McWhorter's claims, unless he had been certain of his man, passed judgment upon weak premises.

The Democratic defection lost us a victory that was in our hands, and each day confirms the terrible mistake made.

And yesterday a number of Democrats did not vote on the reconsideration. These gentlemen are certainly perilling grave interests.

Every defeat yet has grown out of a want of Democratic unanimity; and have followed logically from the failure for Speakership.

The following Democrats did not vote yesterday, on the motion to reconsider: Hamilton, of Screven; Lumpkin, Reddish, of Appling; Smith, of Ware; Seale, Shakleford. As the vote was 65 for reconsideration, to 61 against. It will be seen that the above 6 votes would have decided the matter in our favor, and for the law.

We do not envy gentlemen the responsibility of thus acting. This is one of those occasions, when every true man should stand to his post like Leonidas at Thermopylæ, striking with sleepless vigilance and unwearying valor for the cause of the State's weal.

There will come a day of reckoning for every omission of duty, as well as every commission of wrong. The sacred trust of the popular liberties and rights is a grave one, and a ruined people will not esteem a recreant representative.

Giving gentlemen credit for a pure motive to even a stretch of charity, will they not learn the important lesson that our only hope is in vigilant unity against the Radical revolutionists.

Be moderate in speech, compact in organization, and firm in the right, and the field will yet be ours.

GREEN LINE EXCURSIONISTS.

Their Jollification in Macon—Speeches and Hospitalities.

MACON, GA., Jan. 27, 1870.

Editor Constitution: The Green Line train, consisting of thirteen magnificent sleeping palaces and other cars, and filled with three hundred excursionists, took its departure from the Gate City at 10 o'clock, P. M., last night, and after a refreshing night's sleep, the various delegations found themselves, at 8 o'clock this morning, under the spacious car-shed, at the "Central City."

Col. V. A. Gaskill, on behalf of the Atlanta delegation, delivered over, in "good order" to the authorities of Macon, the representatives of the respective cities of the "Great West," which was promptly receipted for by Hon. Thomas Hardeman, in behalf and on account of the good people of this city.

Col. Eggleston, of Cincinnati, in felicitous style, represented the Western guests. Col. Torbet, former President of the Bank of Tennessee, also responded to the welcome address of Col. Hardeman.

A large crowd had assembled to extend a cordial welcome to the excursionists.

After the conclusion of the ceremonies, incident to the occasion, the visitors repaired to the hotels and partook, with a zest, of the tempting refreshments that had been liberally provided for them.

The time that elapsed between this early meal, and three o'clock, the hour announced for the collation at the Lanier House, was pleasantly spent in drives and rambles on foot about the city and Rose Hill Cemetery. The collation reflected much credit upon the good taste and hospitality of the authorities and citizens of Macon.

The numerous tables were bountifully supplied will all the luxuries of the season that could be furnished by the generous West, an extended sea-coast, and the vineyards of the wine producer. Appropriate sentiments evoked responses and elegant utterances and sparkling wit from the lips of Mayor Obear and Col. Hardeman, of this city, Col. C. W. Anderson, the live and well known Green Line champion, Capt. Roberts, (John Happy,) of the Republican Banner, and Mr. Moore, of the "City of Rocks," Col. Armstrong, of Louisville, a gentleman whose name I did not learn, from Cincinnati, and the versatile Col. Gaskill, from Atlanta.

The day spent in Macon will be long and gratefully cherished by the Green Line excursionists. Atlanta contributes about thirty to the long list of names enrolled for this "march to the sea." Macon swells the number. The weary travelers depart at 8 o'clock this evening for the "City of Oglethorpe," where a hearty and generous welcome awaits them, if I am to judge from the array of distinguished committeemen that are announced to receive and take charge of and "do for" these fortunate visitors.

GREEN LINE.

OUR PARIS LETTER.

Victor Noir's Burial—A Graphic Picture of a Dramatic Scene—Fonvielle's Coat Torn for Relics—Rochefort Faints—Viva la Republique—The Bayonet Checks the Mob—Napoleon Cast Down—Prince Pierre Bonaparte—Ollivier.

PARIS, January 15, 1870.

The burial of Victor Noir, the editor assassinated by the Emperor's cousin, never was equalled in point of excitement and danger, since the Second Empire was established. However, the people remained calm, despite a legitimate emotion and deplorable harangues. The Government committed a great fault in compelling the interment outside the city. Had the sad office been allowed to take place at Pere Lachaire—within the city—and the procession to march along the boulevards, it would have been a moral force to the authorities in case disturbances called for the exercise of the arms of repression.

The deceased lived at Neuilly, a village outside Paris. Two o'clock on Wednesday was the time fixed for the ceremony. Since ten the coffin had been closed, and lay on two chairs, covered with flowers and wreaths. The persons present passed the time in reading the journals, demanding not punishment but vengeance on Prince Pierre Bonaparte, and discussing the tragedy. Since eight o'clock the crowd began to assemble—for the funeral was not so much a demonstration of sorrow as homage to a murdered Republican. The weather was sombre—the rain fell—fine, cold, implacable. The earliest arrivals was a band—some 200—of law and medical students; but each moment brought its deputation; each road furnished its contribution of assistants, silent and in mourning costume. The democratic leaders, as they arrived, were cheered.

It is two o'clock, and the sun suddenly and brilliantly shines out. Over 120,000 people are present. Men hang like bunches of grapes from the lamp-posts and trees—the roofs of the houses are a sea of heads. It is easy to see that, in this vast multitude, there are more blouses than broad-cloth, more caps than hats. It is a working-class demonstration—not composed of the "boys of tune" last, but of artisans who have left their work shops, according to a *mot d'ordre*. There they are, 100,000 men, with five times as many in the city with them in spirit. It is the first time the army of the irreconcilables showed itself. It is truly formable, frightful, and is ready to obey what its leaders decree. The shops are closed "on account of public mourning," as the cards nailed on the shutters inform us. There was not a policeman nor "agent" to be seen; none to indicate the route the cortege ought to take, which was a want for Parisians habituated to circulate by authority.

The modest hearse draws up before the door. The driver is very pale and trembling. He has cause to be so. Passionate discussions surge around the coffin. One party is for carrying the body to Paris, to raise the very stones of the city to mutiny, as in 1848, when the first victims of the fight were held aloft in a cart, and thus paraded along the boulevards. The other party demanded his interment at Neuilly. In the meantime Fonville appears, that the Prince failed to kill. He wears the coat, pierced by two balls from the pistol of his Highness. The crowd strips him of the coat, tears it into shreds, and divide the fragments as souvenirs. A score of top coats are offered to cover Fonville. In a corner a little lynching is being done.

Victor Noir had published some novels, and a book-seller improved the occasion by putting up posters, which led the bill-striker to bear the pains and penalties of his employer's bad taste. The dispute, meantime, waxes strong. A proposition is made to bring the body to Paris, even if by fragments. At last Rochforte appears—he is frantically welcomed. He tells the "citizens," it would be certain butchery for them to march to Pere-Lachaise; the roads are formidably guarded; "the bandits," a metaphor for the army, "are armed to the teeth;" we are equal to them in numbers, but are unarmed; we will exhume Noir at a future day, and convey his remains to Pere-Lachaise, prepared for the worst. The popular vote decided for Neuilly.

The cortege moved on; the immense multitude swaying to and fro, crying out for "vengeance," and "to Paris."

The editors of the opposition journals, in order to keep together, tied themselves to a red rope, attached to the hearse. Every one carried a red *immortelle* in the button-hole of their coat. The coffin was covered with garlands of white lilac, and the "crowns" sent by the Republicans from various cities.

Rochforte, who had not slept for three nights, nor tasted food for as many days, sat on the steps of the hearse, saluting the crowd as they gave him a *viva*.

Now follows a scene which beggars description. The multitude became so pressing around the bier, that Rochforte exclaimed: "I am suffocating;" and he was carried fainting into a grocer's shop. The cortege had now arrived at the private road leading to the cemetery. A private carriage, contained two individuals—one was the ex-King of Spain, who for the first time in his life, saw a new sovereign—His Majesty, the People. A final effort was now made to bring the corpse to Paris. The traces of the hearse were cut, the horses set loose, and their driver sent after them. A thousand hands were linked, and drew the hearse to the graveyard. The cemetery was nearly full of spectators in advance—the new comers scaled the walls and dropped down from houses beside the cemetery. Finally, the coffin was lowered into the grave—a shower of bouquets followed—then the orations, whose common text was, "Poor brother, we will avenge thy death." A body of citizens remained to prevent the remains from being taken up.

The procession then headed for Paris. It was the *moment supreme* of the day, and must have numbered at least 150,000 persons *en route*. It met Rochefort in a cab, and placed him at the head of the march. The air rang with exclamations of "vengeance," and "Death to the assassin!" Then was sung *Marseillaise* and the *Chœur des Girondins*. I had heard the *Marseillaise* chanted in 1848 by a victorious people; but here was an army—"willing to wound, but afraid to strike"—who threw into the grand revolutionary hymn, the deepest of hate, and the rage springing from being curbed. Hats and handkerchiefs were waved, and arms uplifted. A priest passes, raises his hat, and cries, *Vive la Liberte!* A dragoon on furlough is caught, he utters the same cry, and is carried upon a half dozen shoulders. On arriving inside of the fortifications—which constitute the city boundaries—the first display of force was met with—a mass of police and the municipal cavalry—who, however, remained passive spectators. They had, however, a little brush with the tail of the procession. Up the broad avenue de Neuilly, came the multitude, recalling the march on Versailles, of other days. Arrived at the Arc de Triumphe, one spontaneous shout of vive la Republique was given; descending the avenue des Champs Elysees, the side streets are occupied by cavalry. Near the Palais del'Industrie, the crowd is arrested. A squadron of cavalry trots quickly, and forms a barrier across the road. The Mayor, in his scarf of office, gives the signal to beat the drum—three tattoos, and the riot act is read. Rochefort advances—demands liberty for the people to pass; he claims to be, as a Deputy, inviolable. He is told to retire, or he will have the honor of being the first cut down. He calls upon the people to disperse, or they will be massacred. They run like sheep right and left—it was time, as the cavalry draw swords—the horses prance and neigh—await the bugle to sound the charge. However, the avenue is cleared without bloodshed—the danger for the day is over. The cavalry sweep around to the Place de la Concorde, to protect the Tuileries and the Corps Legislatif. A part of the procession reforms here, encounters a battalion of the National Guard "Vive la garde Nationale!" exclaims the crowd—"Vive la people!" replies the Guard, as the men place their shakos on their muskets. Moral—the little procession passes before the Tuileries, shouting "death to the assassin," "vive la Republique," and singing the Marseillaise.

The evening and night passed over with a sinister tranquility. A few bands paraded the streets, unmolested. The gamins sang ballads of their best, which make soldiers laugh and policemen grieve; the kiosques were besieged, to buy up the Opposition journals, at any price asked. At 9 o'clock, an engraving of Victor Noir on his death-bed, appeared, with all dramatic details, and created a great sensation.

Never were military precautions more formidable. Versailles and Meaure supplied 5,000 cavalry. Vincennes four batteries of artillery, and 20,000 infantry were under arms in their barracks. A fight was expected. The crowd was undoubtedly armed with revolvers, daggers and knives, but had no chance. [illegible] wagons flew past full of [illegible] military [illegible] had the ambulances and [illegible] diers with wine. [illegible] "I, too, want [illegible] dier—and in five [illegible] even should 40,000 citizens fall." He is known to be a man to keep his word, and the Parisians do not forget his "energy," in 1851, at the coup d' etat.

The Emperor is very much cast down at these events. During the day signal men occupy the roof of the palace, and the 2,500 zouaves that guard it encamp in the courts and on the terrace. The scene at night is picturesque, but sad.

During this exciting day the Corps Legislatif was a melancholy scene. The court yards and approaches were occupied by the military—ready for action—and the police. The Chamber expected a *petite visite* from the Republicans. The ladies who came to hear the debates fled in terror; ministers received telegrams and dispatches every minute, and passed them from hand to hand; all were on the tenter hooks of expectation to hear "the earth quake tramp of Democracy's foot," as many of the old Deputies had heard before. About 5 o'clock Rochefort entered, pale, care-worn and covered with mud. He attempted to speak, but his friends prevailed on him to desist.

It was on Monday morning last that Victor Noir and Fonvielle called on the Prince Pierre Napoleon, as friends of M. M. Grousset, a fellow editor in the *Marseillaise*, with a letter from that gentleman, challenging the Prince for insulting him in a Corsican journal. Shown into an apartment, the Prince entered, read the letter, became coarse and angry, struck Noir in the face, retired a few paces, drew a revolver from his pocket, deliberately aimed, and shot him dead—in the heart. Fouville, the only living witness gives this version, which is credited—the Prince's is the exact contrary. Seeing his friend murdered, Fouville endeavored to open his revolver case, but failing, ran behind a chair. The Prince aimed, and put a bullet through the collar of his coat. The unfortunate man then made for the door, and received a second ball in the skirt of his coat. The Prince at once gave himself up as a prisoner in the Conciergerie. Noir was a reporter on the Marseillaise, aged only 22, very much esteemed. He was to be married today—invitations for the wedding were issued. His intended bride is but 16. Prince Pierre Napoleon is aged 55, is a son of Prince Canina, and has led a stormy life as a soldier and a civilian. In 1868 he married the girl he had seduced—a tradesman's daughter. He has two children by her, but the "Princess" is not received at Court, and her husband rarely is seen at the Tuileries. He lives in a plain house at Anteuil, without ceremony, and where Franklin passed many happy evenings when it was occupied by Madame Helvetius. The Prince is a great eater, and in this occupation passes his time.

The Emperor at once ordered his cousin's arrest, and the constitution of the "High Court" to try him. The Prince demands to be tried before a common jury; but it appears he must bow to this exceptional tribunal. The Prince Murat, another cousin, will also be arraigned for beating a "simple citizen" some months ago.

These events have put all other matters into the shade. Troppmann is next to being forgotten. The Ollivier ministry thinks well, but does not act so. It is contradictory. However, if any man in France can extinguish the volcano by pacific progress, it is Ollivier. In demanding permission of the Chamber to prosecute Rochefort for his writings in the Marseillaise, the Cabinet has made a great fault. The permission will be given—if a "conciliatory amendment" be not carried on Monday, which is possible, and which must force ministers to resign. Rochefort has shown he has 100,000 men to fight when he nods. It won't do to make him a martyr, and create "other days."

BOURRIEFF.

SECRET CORRESPONDENCE.

Gen. Terry and Gen. Sherman About Georgia—Mr. Brook's Irresistible Speech.

The instructions referred to by General Terry in the first order, are contained in the answer to his dispatch of January 11, as follows:

[Cipher.]

ATLANTA, GA., January 11, 1870.
[Received January 12.]

Gen. W. T. Sherman, Commanding Armies United States:

The Senate of Georgia has been organized. I am informed persons who took the oath in that body are disqualified. The House of Representatives is partially sworn. I am informed that nine disqualified persons have already taken the oath. It is expected that others will do so. One of the Senators who took the oath stated night before last that he believed himself disqualified, but that his people expected him to take the oath. An immense pressure has been brought to bear on disqualified persons, to induce or compel them to take the oath. Money has been raised to defend them in case of prosecution.

Am I authorized as military commander, under the reconstruction acts, and under one and five of the act of December 22, 1869, to investigate the questions of eligibility, and determine for the time being the right of these persons to seats, or must the taking of the oath be considered conclusive? It is very important that any action which may be taken should be taken at once. Please answer.

ALFRED H. TERRY,
Brevet Major General Commanding.

HEADQUARTERS OF THE ARMY,
WASHINGTON, January 12, 1870.

Gen. A. K. Terry, Atlanta, Ga.:

Your dispatch of this morning was shown the President and Secretary of War, and the result is in these words:

"Exercise your own discretion. If a flagrant case arises when a disqualfied person proposes to take the oath, investigate the question of eligibility and determine for the time being his right."

W. T. SHERMAN, General.

Respectfully submitted;

W. T SHERMAN, General.

Hon. James G. Blaine, Speaker of the House of Representatives, Washington, D. C.

The previous question was seconded and the main question ordered; and under the operation thereof the motion was agreed to.

Mr. Brooks, of New York—I move to reconsider the vote by which the communication was referred to the Committee on Reconstruction and ordered to be printed.

The gentleman from Massachusetts will learn from this motion opening debate, a lesson that we can not be cut off from debate altogether in his summary way.

Mr. Speaker, I do not rise for the purpose of making any remarks of any length, or to utter anything in condemnation of the General of the Army or the President of the United States for the course taken in Georgia. So far as I am at present informed by the public prints in the State of Georgia, the President is himself executing the law. A messenger, I hear, is now about to depart from the Department of War for the execution in good faith of the reconstruction statutes, and who will carry such instructions to General Terry as will deprive him, if he should want to exercise it, of the power to send military officers into the Georgia Legislature for the purpose of organizing it. Such instructions as will also most effectually prevent him from allowing an outsider—a Mr. Harris a railroad master in the State of Georgia, appointed by Governor Bullock—to go into the Legislature and to do what he has done in assuming the prerogative and the power to organize the Legislature of the State of Georgia.

So far as the General of the Army has been proceeding he has acted, I think, under a misapprehension of what is the law, which is so often the consequence of the unnecessarily hasty action by which we pass laws here and transmit them at first to officers of the Army without being properly engrossed or properly printed or regularly transmitted to the State Department. The General of the Army thinks he finds justification in a military commission for organizing the Georgia Legislature by referring to the first and fifth sections of the law of December 22, 1869. I will ask the Clerk to read the first and fifth sections of that act, by which it will be seen that there is nothing in those sections which could justify any interference on the part of the military in Georgia in organizing the Legislature of that State. It will be seen by those sections which have been read that the military authorities of Georgia have no power whatever under this act of Congress to interfere with the organization of the Legislature of Georgia, and that therefore all the power which has been assumed by General Terry and by three other officers of the United States, acting, or *quasi* acting, as a committee of elections, has been a lawless assumption of power, in violation of the statute laws of Congress as well as of the Constitution of the United States.

[illegible] of General Sherman, in all [illegible], has arisen from sending to the State of Georgia a bill introduced into the [illegible], which gave the President and the [illegible] authorities this power—a bill [illegible] was introduced by Mr. Morton and supplemented or amended by Mr. Carpenter. But under the act which passed Congress there was no authority whatever, as I see, for the exercise of this power. All the power, therefore, which General Terry and his subordinates have exercised in the organization of the Legislature, is lawless, utterly lawless, a reckless violation of the law, and an entire violation of the rights of Congress, of the people of the United States, and of the Constitution of the United States.

The Congress of the United States provided for the punishment of persons who should commit perjury, in the third section of the same act, which passed this Congress on the twenty-second of December last:

"And they (members perjuring themselves) should suffer the punishments and penalties thereof, and may be tried, convicted and punished therefor, by the Circuit Court of the United States, in the District of Georgia, in which said crime was committed, and the jurisdiction of said court shall be sole and exclusive for the purpose aforesaid."

The Congress of the United States thus expressly committed to the district circuit courts of the United States in Georgia the punishment and trial of perjury, and gave no power whatever to the military authorities.

I must express again my utter surprise, if surprise in these latter days can be expressed at anything whatsoever, at the introduction to which I have alluded by Governor Bullock in the Legislature of Georgia of the railroad-master in that State, a Mr. Harris, who has no right whatsoever to appear in the Legislature; who has no seat in that body; who was not elected, and therefore had no claim to have any voice in the proceedings of the Legislature. And yet Governor Bullock, in the lawless exercise of his power, has taken this railroad-master, thrust him into the Legislature as presiding officer of that body, given him the absolute control as to who should be or should not be sworn in as members, and to set what time and hour the Legislature shall adjourn.

No one can deny that this is an act utterly lawless, and one which, I trust, General Terry will soon disapprove of and condemn.

General Grant has promised us that he will enforce the laws of the United States. He has committed himself to that time and again. He has also promised us that we shall have peace. On this subject I have no complaint to make of him. The authority given him in many matters is boundless, and he should exert that power with modesty and prudence. The assumptions of power by this Congress have been sufficient for the gratification of the most lawless ambition, and no power should be exercised not given. Whoever goes beyond that law of Congress not only oversteps the Constitution, but renders himself liable to impeachment by this House for violation of that law.

I trust, therefore, I am not mistaken when I am informed that both Gen. Grant and Gen. Sherman are about to send a special messenger to Gen. Terry to stop these lawless proceedings. I trust this will be done by the President of the United States and by the General of the Army of the United States.

No peace is ever to be established by this violation of law. No confidence is ever to be won by thrusting into the legislative body persons who have no right to seats there; no affections of the people are ever thus to be gained; no obedience to authority can be enforced by the imposing of military rule in the organization of the Legislature; and, though power for the time being may be able to exercise lawless authority, it has no moral, no abiding hold upon the people; for what has been done is a misrepresentation of our whole system of representation and legislative organization.

Literary Litter.

Mr. Horace Howard Furness, of Philadelphia, proposes a new variorum edition of Shakspeare. The text will be that of the Cambridge editors, and to the textual notes of that edition will be added the various readings of Singer, Knight, Campbell, Cornwall, Collier, Verplanck, Hazlitt, Hudson, Ulrici, Delius, Staunton, Dyce, White, Chambers, Halliwell, Clark and Keightley. The original notes of these editors will be preceded by all the notes of the Variorum of 1821 that have been retained; and English, French and German criticism will be copiously represented by selections from Douce, Nares, Hunter, Hazlitt, Coleridge, Craik, Massey, Boisly, Notes and Queries, Lessing, Mrs. Jameson, Hallam, Brown, Sidney Walker, Halpin, Mitford, Hartley Schlegel, Franz Horn, Gervinus, Delius, Ulrici, Kreyssig, Rotscher, Mommsoen, Chateaubriand, Villemain, Marc-Girardin, Guizot, Lacroix, Mezieres, Chasles, Taine, and many others. The first volume, containing "Romeo and Juliet," is already in the press of the Lippincott's. The price will be ten dollars, and the work will be thoroughly and admirably done.

The increasing demand for artistic books is an evidence of the advancing taste of the masses. A cruise through the book-stores at this holiday season is a real treat. Among the elegantly illustrated works which are offered to amateurs—and of which we can mention not even a tithe—are "Lady Geraldine's Courtship," with over thirty illustrations; "Favorite English Poems," with three hundred and twenty illustrations; "The Goethe Gallery," companion to "The Schiller Gallery," published last year; Whittier's "Ballads of New England;" "Old Testament Shadows of New Testament Truths," elegantly illustrated; Henry Ward Beecher's "Overture of Angels;" "The Desert World;" "The Polar World;" "The Universe," and "The Mysteries of the Ocean," all combine an immense amount of attractive information with fine illustrations. Lossing's "Pictorial Field-Book of the War of 1812," contains nearly nine hundred well executed engravings. "Beautiful Women," with sixteen large photographs; "Episodes of Fiction;" "The Christmas Holly;" "The Bryant Homestead;" "Among the Trees," and "Songs of Life," are the titles merely of a few of the new illustrated books.

The children are not forgotten either. Du Chaillu narrates to them "Lost in the Jungle," and the fine pictures show them what is to be seen there; a holiday edition of "Robinson Crusoe" will not fail to be acceptable to boys and girls. "Nursery Carols," "Erling the Bold," "Wild Sports of the World," "An American Family in Paris," and innumerable other juveniles, illustrated profusely, will delight the eyes and hearts of many young folks.

New Advertisements.

Pure Chester White Pigs.

FOR sale 40 per cent. below Catalogue Prices and Freight thrown in. 1 Pure Chester White Boar, 19 months old, $40.
1 Pure Chester Sow, 17 months old, $40.
3 Pure Chester Pigs, 6 weeks old, $30.
All offered together for $100.
jan29-d3t MARK W. JOHNSON.

LOST.

ON the West Point Train yesterday afternoon, between Atlanta and Fairburn, a black New Pocket Book, containing between $3,900 and $4,000. One $100 bill, balance in $20, $10 and $5 bills. The finder will be handsomely rewarded by conferring with W. J. ALMAN, Rock Mills, Ala.
The finder will confer a favor on a one arm soldier, who has a family to provide for, by returning it to him. jan29-d3t

Fayette County Deputy Sheriff's Sale.

WILL be sold before the Court House door in Fayetteville, on the first Tuesday in March next, the following property to-wit:
Lot of land No. 2, in the seventh district of Fayette county, to satisfy a fi. fa. issued from Fulton Superior Court, L. F. Blalock vs. C. A. Cannon, Treas., and Joshua Cannon, Sec. Levied on as the property of Joshua Cannon, and pointed out by L. F. Blalock, this Jan. 1st., 1870.
Also, at the same time and place, will be sold lot of land No. 113, in the 4th district of originally [illegible], now Fayette county. Levied on as the property of [illegible] to satisfy a fi. fa. issued by [illegible] Tax Collector of Fayette county, vs. J. M. Couch, for the year 1869. Levy made by J. W. Armstrong, L. C., and returned to me this Jan. 17th, 1870. ISAAC B. AVREA, jan29-wtds Deputy Sher'ff.

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

THE Sale of Oil Paintings will be continued [illegible]. Over 40 were sold yesterday. A number of the most appreciative Ladies and Gentlemen attend the sale, and secure some of these rare gems of Art. Come promptly at 10 o'clock.
G. W. ADAIR, Real Estate and Insurance Agent, No. 29 Alabama Street. jan29-d1t

Pacific Guano Company's Soluble PACIFIC GUANO.
CAPITAL $1,000,000—PRICE $75.50cts PER TON.

THIS Guano differs from Peruvian Guano simply in the relative proportions of the same elements of fertility. Its use during the past four years for the culture of Cotton and Corn, has given it a character for standard excellence unsurpassed by genuine Peruvian Guano, and when seasons of drought intervene, it produces a larger increase of crops.
The price at which the Guano is placed, is so much below that of Peruvian Guano, as to constitute it an object of material importance to Southern Agriculture.
The large capital and resources of the Company enable it to furnish a Guano of the highest value at the lowest possible cost to consumers, and the highest interest of the Company is recognized in this policy. The Company look to large sales, small profits and a permanent trade for compensation in capital invested. Dr. St. Julien Ravenel, of South Carolina, is Scientific Director to the Company, which affords a sure guarantee of the continued excellence of the Guano. None genuine unless branded with the name of John S. Reese & Co., General Agents of the Pacific Guano Company. For terms and mode of application, apply to
ADAIR & BRO., Agents, 81 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

Pacific Guano Company's COMPOUND Acid Phosphate of Lime,
FOR COMPOSITING WITH COTTON SEED.
Price $53 50cts Per Ton.
THIS article is Manufactured at the Company's Works, under the direction and superintendence of Dr. Ravenel. It contains the same elements of fertility as Soluble Pacific Guano, except that it is not furnished with Ammonia. It is prepared expressly for compositing with cotton seed, which furnishes the element of Ammonia; the object being to render that side product of the plantation available to the highest degree as an element of fertility. For further and particular information, apply to the undersigned.
ADAIR & BRO., Agents, dec10-3m 81 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

HOME EVIDENCE.

WE call especial attention of Planters to the Letters of Judge John D. Pope and Senator W. C. Smith, and others that we will publish hereafter in regard to the use of the Soluble Pacific Guano. We believe there is none better for Cotton and Corn than the S. P. Guano.
Respectfully, ADAIR & BRO., Agents.

SENATOR W. C. SMITH'S LETTER.

Grantville, Ga., November 12, 1869.

MESSRS. ADAIR & BRO., ATLANTA, GA.

GENTS—In reply to your inquiries in regard to the Soluble Pacific Guano bought of you last Spring, I have taken some pains to get facts from my neighbors, for whom I purchased, and condensed the following statement, the reliability of which is unquestionable: W. J. Sewell used Soluble Pacific Guano, about 200 pounds to the acre, on red and grey land. Seasons were remarkably dry, never rained enough to wet an inch deep from 17th day of June to November 16th, made about 1,200 pounds per acre and tested as follows: Left one row with no Guano for a given length, and one row with Guano same length, counted stalks and bolls of each row, and found there was a little more than double as many bolls on the Guanoed row, and the bolls nearly twice as large.
W. S. Smith used about same quantity of same kind of Land, and made over three times as much Cotton per acre on the Guanoed Land as he did on the same kind of Land without Guano.
T. J. Lambert used it on old Land, very much worn, had been cleared 38 years, and made about 600 pounds Cotton per acre, and thinks his crop was cut off fully one-half by drought. On one row through the middle of the field unguanoed, he did not make one-fourth as much as on the Guanoed row.
T. C. Moreland, a large Planter, has been experimenting with different Fertilizers, and says his experience with Soluble Pacific Guano is more satisfactory than with any other. Thinks it equal to any. I have been using different kinds of Fertilizers with pretty much the same result as stated above by others.
Yours Respectfully, W. C. SMITH.

JUDGE JOHN D. POPE'S LETTER.

Atlanta, Ga., January 24, 1870.

MESSRS. ADAIR & BRO.

GENTS—I used last year on my Cotton Land, in DeKalb County, 400 pounds per acre, of Soluble Pacific Guano bought of you. The Land was thin and the seasons extremely dry, and a large part of the crop was lost on account of the drought. Notwithstanding these disadvantages, I am satisfied that I got my money back, and at least 50 per cent profit. If the drought had not come on at a critical time with the crop, I believe the profit on what I invested in Guano, would have been as much 100 per cent.
Respectfully, JOHN D. POPE.
jan28-d1m

Amusements.

Academy of Music,
(Late Pryor Street Theater.)
Will Re-Open Monday Night,
JANUARY 31ST, 1870.
With an entire change, with all the new attractions of the day. Price of admission 50 cents.
jan28-d3t

MOST EXTRAORDINARY AND ASTONISHING EXHIBITION!

THE largest lady in the world! Go and see her—for seeing is believing. The greatest curiosity in the world—the wild leopard boy. He has been on exhibition in the principal cities throughout Europe and America, and has been universally pronounced to be the greatest wonder living. Also, many other curiosities that are worthy of notice. To remain for a few days only, on Decatur street, near corner Peachtree street. See Paintings. Doors open from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M. Admission 25 cents. jan25-d5t

THEATRE. De GIVE'S OPERA HOUSE.
R. HARVEY & CO.........Lessees and Managers.
Open Nightly for a Short Season only with
E. ROSSE DALTON,
THE CELEBRATED TRAGEDIAN,
And a first Class Dramatic Company, Legitimate Tragedies, Comedies and Plays, will be presented in rapid succession. Change of Bill Nightly. For Particulars see Programmes of Day.
Matinee for Ladies and Children every Saturday afternoon, commencing at 2 P. M.
jan26-d3w

ROLLER SKATING!

THE Skating Rink will open Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday evenings from 7 to 10 o'clock. Monday, Wednesday and Friday Afternoons, from 2 to 5 o'clock. Every forenoon from 9 to 12 o'clock for
LADIES AND CHILDREN.
Teachers will be in attendance during the day assemblies to teach gratuitously those whishing to learn. Admission free for Ladies and Children to morning and afternoon assemblies.
Hall over Glenn & Wright's, corner Forsyth and Railroad.

Package of 12 Tickets	$3 00 cents.
Single Tickets	50 cents.
Half Tickets	25 cents.
Use of Skates	25 cents.

Tickets for sale at Phillips & Crew's, and at the principal Hotels. dec9-d tf

DR. W. G. DRAKE,
Late of Alabama,
RESPECTFULLY offers his services to the citizens of Atlanta, and vicinity in the various branches of his Profession. Special attention given to Obstetrics and Diseases of Women and Children.
Leucorrhoea, Chronic Inflammation, and Ulceration of the Womb, successfully treated without the use of Caustic, the Knife, or those frequent instrumental examinations so mortifying to the patient, and so necessary in the practice adopted by the great majority of Physicians. The patient can, in every instance, apply the remedies. Ladies if they prefer it, can consult him at his residence.
REFERENCES:
Dr. J. S. Pemberton, Atlanta, Ga.; Ex-Gov. John Gill Shorter, H. R. Shorter, Eufala, Ala.; Gen. H. D. Clayton, Jere M. Williams, Esq., Clayton, Ala.; Rev. L. Baker, J. W. L. Daniel, Esq., Midway, Ala. Office at Pemberton, Wilson, Taylor & Co's Drug Store. Residence near the corner of Baker and Peachtree streets. jan19-d1y

Bulk Meat! Bulk Meat!

FORTY or Fifty Thousand lbs. of Shoulders and Rib Sides for sale. A bargain offered. Enquire at CHAPMAN, RUCKER & CO.,
And at A. D. ADAIR & BRO.
jan26-d1w GEO. C. SMITH.

IN THE WAY —OF— CHEAP CARPETS,

WE have the largest line we have had this winter at merely nominal prices. We don't warrant them to wear, but they are much better than a bare floor. Window Shades and Hollands for Shades, in all colors and sizes, hung up in all parts of the city at low prices. Brussels and 3 Ply Carpets in variety.
S. S. KENDRICK & SON, Marietta Street.
jan26-d tf

$5 REWARD.

LOST, between Porter & Butler's Machine Shop and M. & W. Depot, a Smith & Wesson's Silver Mounted Pistol. Five Dollars will be paid to the finder by leaving the same at this office.
jan28-d2t

WANTED.

A SITUATION as Teacher, by a man of several years experience, and whose wife can teach Piano Music. A good School, in a nice town, with good society, and healthy climate desirable, as I wish to build up a First Class Female College. Address, giving all the particulars as to the character of the neighborhood, its location for health, church worship, etc., how many Scholars is will furnish immediately. Address G. D.
jan28-d2t Box 229, Atlanta, Ga.

GEORGIA, Gwinnett County.
ORDINARY'S OFFICE, Jan. 26, 1870.
JAMES T. FORD has applied for exemption of personalty, and setting apart and valuation of homestead, and I will pass upon the same at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the 8th day of February, 1870, at my office.
JAMES T. LAMKIN, Ordinary.
jan29-d1&w2t Printer's fee $2

MACON & BRUNSWICK RAILROAD.
The New Route South.

THE evening Trains of the Macon and Western R. R. leaving Atlanta at 7:18, connects at Macon with THROUGH PASSENGER of Macon and Brunswick Railroad, which leaves Macon 8:30 A. M., arriving at Brunswick 8:20, P. M. RETURNING, leaves Brunswick, 8:00 A. M., arrives in Macon 7:50 P. M., and Atlanta 4:44 A. M. The system of connections by Passenger Trains with Atlantic and Gulf Road at No. 6, (Jesup), is complete, meeting the trains of the latter road going west to Thomasville, Bainbridge, Jacksonville, Tallahassee and all points in Florida. Also, the trains going East to Savannah. The Passengers of South bound train dine with Gen. Ira R. Foster, at No. 13 Macon and Brunswick Railroad.

FARE BY THIS ROUTE.

Atlanta to Brunswick	$13 00
" " Savannah	12 50
" " Jacksonville	16 50
" " Tallahassee	21 50
" " Bainbridge	20 30
" " New York, Philadelphia or Baltimore	37 50

Through Tickets on Sale at General Ticket Office, Atlanta, and all terminal Stations North, East and West.
WM. A. FULLER, General Ticket Agent, M. and W., and M. and B. Railroads.
Atlanta, January 9, 1870-d2w

JAMES MORRISON & CO.,
Pork Packers and Commission Merchants,
CURERS OF SUGAR CURED HAMS,
AND MANUFACTURERS OF LARD OIL, AND
PURE FAMILY LARD,
Office 17 Pike's Building, CINCINNATI, O.
jan27-d1m

BUY YOUR FURNITURE —OF— RONDEAU & CO., 15 Decatur Street.
jan9—d1m

The Wando Fertilizer FOR COTTON, CORN, WHEAT, VEGETABLES, ETC., ETC.,
Manufactured at Charleston, S. C., from Carolina Phosphate. As a crop grower and improver of the soil, it has no superior.
W. H. FISHER, Agent, At McDaniel, Strong & Co.
Terms $60 Cash—Time Price $65, payable 1st November, for approved paper. jan27-d3&w1m

Boot and Shoe Maker.

I AM now prepared to make Boots and Shoes of all descriptions to order. If you want Cork Sole, Box-toed, Water Proof, Light Stitch, or Pumps of the Finest French Calf Skin, I can furnish them to you at short notice, and warrant the fit. The boots are made of the best English Leather.
Fancy Gaiters for ladies made in the most approved style. Clark Louzano, the best workman in the city, is my Foreman, he formerly worked with Pariah.
Call and see me at my shop on Pryor street, in front of the Theater, if you want the finest and best fitting boot in town.
jan28-d1y CHARLES HUGHES.

Notice to Debtors and Creditors.

STATE OF GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—All persons having demands against Benjamin F. King, deceased, late of said county, are hereby notified and required to present them, duly attested to A. M. Reinhardt, [illegible] Railroad Block, Atlanta, Ga., attorney for the undersigned, within the time prescribed by law. And all persons indebted to said deceased, are hereby required to make immediate payment to the undersigned, or through said A. M. Reinhardt. This January 11, 1870.
jan13-d1&w MARY A. KING, Executrix. W. J. BOSTON, Executor.

Special Notices.

JUST OUT.—CHERRY PECTORAL Troches, superior to all others for Colds, Coughs, Sore Throat, Bronchitis and Hoarseness. None so pleasant. None cure so quick. Manufactured by RUSHTON & CO., Astor House, New York.
No more of those horrible tasted, nauseating Brown Cubeb things. jan7-d&w3m

JOHN D. POPE, ATTORNEY AT Law, Atlanta, Ga., Office Granite Block, Broad street. jan4-d1m

Early Cotton Seed.

WE have a few Bushels of the original "Boyd Prolific" Cotton Seed for sale. These seed have been carefully selected for Ten Years by Dr. Hunter, and the past season the entire crop yielded one pound of Lint to every two and seven-tenths pounds of Seed Cotton.
Prices reasonable. Apply soon, to McDANIEL & STRONG, Atlanta, Ga.
jan25-d tf

Murray & Lanman's Florida Water,
The most celebrated and most delightful of all perfumes, for use on the handkerchief, at the toilet, and in the bath, for sale by all Druggists and Perfumers.
jan25-deod4m

LANDSBERG'S LUMBER YARD,
Opposite Georgia Railroad Depot, Atlanta, Ga.
Sash, Doors and Blinds, Made upon Short Notice.
SAWED SHINGLES AND LATHS, Dry and Framing LUMBER, LUMBER SAWED TO ORDER.
Particular attention paid to orders outside of the city. Jan25—

CANVASSING BOOKS SENT FREE FOR PARIS By Sunlight and Gaslight!

A WORK descriptive of the Mysteries, Virtues, Vices, Splendors and Crimes of the City of Paris.
It tells how Paris has become the gayest and most beautiful city in the world; how its beauty and splendor are purchased at a fearful cost of misery and suffering; how visitors are swindled by professional adventurers; how virtue and vice go arm-in-arm in the beautiful city; how the most fearful crimes are committed and concealed; how money is squandered in useless luxury; and contains over 150 fine Engravings of noted places, life and scenes in Paris. Agents wanted; canvassing books sent free. Address
jan23-d1m NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO, Atlanta, Ga.

NEW CASH CARRIAGE HARDWARE HOUSE,
157 Main Street, Louisville, Ky.
THE undersigned will open, February first, a complete assortment of Carriage Hardware, Carriage and Wagon Makers. Wood Stock and Carriage Goods of every description. Orders and personal inspection invited.
jan19-2aw6t N. D. HUNTER & CO., Louisville, Ky.

J. R. Simmons
(Successor to Steadman & Simmons.)
Commission Merchant, —AND— WHOLESALE DEALER —IN— Produce and Provisions.
No. 22, Alabama St., Atlanta, Ga.
jan23-d1m

UTLEY PLOW.

I AM Sole Agent here for this best and cheapest of all Plows. Price $3 50. Send orders soon.

Horsford's Bread Preparation.

If you want delicious Buckwheat Cakes, Healthy Biscuit, Good Bread, Good Health, Long Life, use this best of all Yeast Powders. For sale wholesale and retail by
jan20-d tf MARK W. JOHNSON, Broad street.

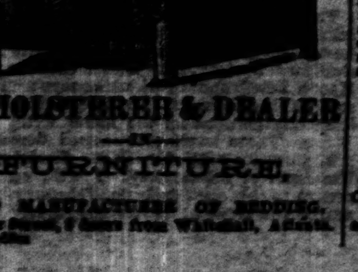
B. A. Fahnestock's VERMIFUGE!

WHY is it that so many children die under the age of five years? That a large proportion of children die under that age, has long been a subject of remark, and without a satisfactory cause ascertained, it is certain.
Also, it is known that worms exist in the human system from its earliest infancy; therefore parents, especially mothers, who are more constantly with their children, can not be too observing of the first *symptoms of worms*; for so surely as they exist, can they be safely and certainly removed from the most Delicate Infant, by the timely use of
B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge.
It is perfectly harmless, contains no Mercury, being a purely Vegetable Composition, and may be administered with the utmost safety to children of all ages.
Worm Confections, made more for the purpose of pleasing the palate than of overcoming the disease, have been manufactured all over the country, but their short lease of life is nearly exhausted, and B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge continues to grow in favor daily.
CAUTION.
Should occasion require you to purchase B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge, be particularly careful too see that the initials are B. A. This is the article that has been so
Favorably Known Since 1829,
And purchasers must insist on having it, if they do not wish to have an invitation forced upon them.
Schwartz & Haslett, FORMERLY B. A. Fahnestock's, Son & Co., Sole Proprietors Pittsburgh, Pa.
dec6-deod&wly

WANTED!

TO exchange a very desirable Farm (lying on a public road,) just one mile from the city, containing 60 acres; sixty of which is enclosed under a new fence. Three new houses on the place. A permanent stream running through it, and beautiful building sites. Apply to
J. S. WILLSON, Eagle Drug Store, Atlanta, Ga.
Jan 25-d tf

A. ERGENZINGER.



UPHOLSTERER & DEALER —IN— FURNITURE, AND MANUFACTURER OF BEDDING, [illegible] Street, 2 doors from Whitehall, Atlanta. Jan7-d1m

DR. HOOTEN'S INFIRMARY FOR [THE] BLIND!

Dr. W. A. Hooten's Infirmary [illegible] lanta, Ga., continues to grow in [illegible] public, and to extend the sphere of [illegible]. The many remarkable cures [illegible] past year alone, places the stability [illegible] tution outside of all question. [illegible] mony of the large number [illegible] been permanently restored to sight [illegible] irresistible. These persons are [illegible] most every section of Georgia and [illegible] States. To this united testimony [illegible] thousands of the most reliable [illegible] well the history of the cases [illegible] are incontrovertable, and [illegible] their influence over the whole [illegible] of unquestionable evidence [illegible] nished persons desiring information [illegible] are regularly coming in from all [illegible] the prospect promises a large increase [illegible] tions for the present year.

REFERENCES.

Gen. J. B. Gordon, Atlanta, Ga.
Rev. Jesse Boring, M. D., Atlanta, Ga.
Ex Gov. Joseph E. Brown, Atlanta, Ga.
Hon. J. Erskine Judge U. S. D. C.
Pemberton, Wilson, Taylor & Co.
Jordan, Howard & Harralson, Atlanta
Moore & Marsh, Atlanta, Ga.
Rev P S G Watson Montezuma, [illegible]
Rev A S Worrell, Pres Lex Female [illegible]
Col W H Pruden, Dalton, Ga.
Rev I J Wood Rome, Ga.
Rev Aug. W Walker, Conwayboro, [illegible]
Rev T H Murphy, Hogansville, Ga.
Hon C B Wootten, Dawson, Ga.
Rev B L Ross, M D, Fort Valley, Ga.
Hon W H C Davenport, [illegible]
Hon R A Turnipseed, Fort Gaines, [illegible]
Capt S S Dunlap, Macon, Ga.
G S Dausher, Conductor S W Railroad
Col B A Thornton, Columbus, Ga.
I F Cox, Pres Fem Col. LaGrange, [illegible]
Hon Wm M Tumlin, Cuthbert, [illegible]
Hon J T Clark, Conwayboro, [illegible]

CERTIFICATE[S].

The following general statement [illegible] publication by about one-fourth of [illegible] number of patients under treatment [illegible]. It was published in Nov. [illegible] intimation to Dr. H. The remainder of [illegible] tients were absent at the signing, and [illegible] portunity of affixing their signatures.

IN voluntarily presenting this [illegible] to the Public, we are impelled [illegible] benefit those who, like ourselves, are afflicted [illegible] diseases of the eye, and by a sense of justice [illegible] Hooten, who has permanently established [illegible] firmary for the blind in the city of [illegible]. Dr. Hooten having been blind [illegible] and having been restored to sight by [illegible] tem of treatment which he now practices [illegible] qualified to sympathise with all [illegible] similarly afflicted.

Dr. H. is a high-toned gentleman [illegible] to a fault. He gives his opinions [illegible] always in strict accordance with [illegible] his judgment. For success and [illegible] ton, he relies on his own knowledge [illegible] the practice, and not upon [illegible] charges made against him. Governed [illegible] of policy, he has steadily avoided [illegible] tion against any misrepresentation [illegible].

Dr. H. does not profess to restore [illegible] cure diseased eyes by super-natural [illegible] as the laying on of hands, etc. [illegible] him by many)—but to treat [illegible] tional and scientific principles, and [illegible] remedies relied on by the best [illegible] titioners of the profession, together [illegible] combinations of his own, which [illegible] cessful trial has demonstrated [illegible] superior to any system of treatment [illegible] medical world.

Dr. Hooten is no adventurer. [illegible] humbug, and could not possibly be [illegible] he might desire it, as it [illegible] fecting impartial minds, for the [illegible] sons: 1. He is permanently located [illegible] where the true character of his practice [illegible] necessity be known to all the people [illegible] never locates permanently [illegible] keep on the move to avoid detection [illegible] Georgian by birth, and is connected [illegible] the largest, most respectable and influential [illegible] lies in the State. 3. He was educated [illegible] State University of Georgia, and [illegible] medicine in the Old School at Louisville [illegible] afterwards attended an extra course [illegible] 4. He has been a regular practicing [illegible] nineteen years, nearly all of which [illegible] spent in the different counties and [illegible] tections of this State. He was [illegible] ful as a general practitioner, and [illegible] highest esteem by his patrons. 5. Dr. H. [illegible] been practicing on the eye as a specialty [illegible] city of Atlanta, Ga., for nearly twelve [illegible] vertising regularly and extensively [illegible] journals, and has distributed broadcast [illegible] Southern States his circulars, giving [illegible] the names of a large number of [illegible] able and prominent citizens of Georgia [illegible] other States, together with certificates [illegible] cured by him, with name, post-office [illegible] strictly specified.

In making this record, we make [illegible] we know whereof we affirm—for many [illegible] fore coming to Dr. H., had exhausted [illegible] best systems of treatment on the eye [illegible] medical profession. Many of us were [illegible] blind, and many partially blind; [illegible] Many before we came to him blind [illegible] blind; our vision has been permanently [illegible] have returned home.

The foregoing statements make [illegible] proof which, we think, cannot fail [illegible] mind of prejudice that is not wholly [illegible] reach of testimony:

Mrs A Turner, Newnan, Ga.
Mrs E A Pate, Gainesville, Ga.
Mrs T Thomas, Franklin, Ga.
Mrs M E Wilkes, Abbison, Ga.
Mrs M A Allen, Montgomery, Ala.
Mrs M Wallace, Marietta, Ga.
Mrs Nancy Barge, Western, Ga.
Mrs N Hearn, Palmetto, Ga.
Mrs N L Nelson, Union Springs, Ga.
Mrs E Trammel, Dallas, Ga.
Mrs R B Smith, Kedron, Ga.
Miss M J Hinguley, Box Spring, Ga.
Miss N E Puckett, Atlanta, Ga.
Miss H M Phillips, Hogansville, Ga.
Miss M Jackson, Sparta, Ga.
Miss M Brown, Bell Factory, Ala.
Miss M M Lee, Fort Valley, Ga.
Miss S E Foster, Fairburn, Ga.
Miss J G Foster, Fairburn, Ga.
E M Butts, Buena Vista, Ga.
W H Brock, Ford's Store, Ga.
W J James, Fairburn, Ga.
J E Hurt, Glennville, Ala.
J Roberson, Roswell, Ga.
B Camp, Mulberry, Ga.
H R Newsom, Lafarange, Ga.
R W Rowark, Cotton Gin, Texas.
H T Millican, Stone Mountain, Ga.
J R Goodrum, Clevelan, Ga.
G H Livingston, Jr., Montgomery, [illegible]
J S Gibson, Gordon, Ga.
W H Bryant, East Point, Ga.
B J Davis, Buchanan, Ala.
J F Russell, Cave Spring, Ga.
W L Isbell, Cedar Town, Ga.
A A Hill, Mulberry, Ga.
M B Hamby, Conyers, Ga.
J B W Jones, Greensboro, Ga.
B Kibbell, Charleston, Tenn.
J F Keister, Midway, Tenn.
T K McDonald, Dalton, Ga.
J A R Hanks, Dalton, Ga.
M Allen, Antioch, Ga.

For five years I have suffered great[ly] [illegible] ular Conjunctivitis. For two years I [illegible] blind, and unable to give personal [illegible] affairs. The three years previous I [illegible]. During the five years of my affliction, I [illegible] physicians, without benefit. The [illegible] ually settled down into a more hopeless [illegible] this distressing condition, I placed myself [illegible] the treatment of Dr Hooten three [illegible] one week, I could see to make my way [illegible] the city. In two weeks, I wrote a long [illegible] to my family with my own hand. [illegible] of three weeks, I have indulged in [illegible] print. I have every reason to believe [illegible] soon be restored. I have conversed [illegible] sons whom Dr. H. has entirely cured [illegible] safe in advising all who are afflicted [illegible] eyes, to make no delay in giving him [illegible] every friend of suffering humanity [illegible] opportunity of placing this statement [illegible] of the afflicted. C. B. McCOR[illegible]
Atlanta, August 19, 1869.
P. S. After a lapse of months, the [illegible] added: Dr. H., I am pursuing my regular [illegible]. My eyes stand every test. The cure [illegible] authorise you to subscribe my name [illegible].
Franklin, Ga., Jan. 3, 1870.

ATLANTA, JAN [illegible]

DR. W. A. HOOTEN: [illegible] are to testify to your great skill in [illegible] cases of the eye, and to express to you [illegible] tude for the services rendered my [illegible] now seven years of age.

In July, 1868, she had measles, and [illegible] recovering from the attack, it was [illegible] her eyes were severely affected. [illegible] ly settled in the left eye, which [illegible] and the lids granulated. I [illegible] treatment of different physicians [illegible] out remedies, with no permanent [illegible] sight was so severely affected, that she [illegible] distinguish objects with the left eye [illegible] wear a shade over it constantly, as the [illegible] very painful to her.

After the disease had run for more than [illegible] and I had almost despaired of any [illegible] recovery, I put her under your treatment [illegible] a little over four weeks the cure was [illegible] and she now sees as well with the [illegible] considered lost, as with the other. [illegible] no doubt her eyes are entirely cured [illegible].

Very respectfully, your obedient [servant], JOSEPH [illegible]

Infirmary on the corner Collins and [illegible]. Office at Infirmary.
Bills for Professional services [illegible] [illegible] DR. W. A. HOOTEN.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, JANUARY 29.

R. M. ROSE & Co.—Wholesale Dealers in pure Wines and Liquors, Atlanta, Ga.

OUR JOB OFFICE.—With new type, improved presses, and skilled workmen, we are prepared to execute Job Work in a superior manner, at prices sure to suit, at THE CONSTITUTION Job Office. All we ask is a trial.

Index to New Advertisements.

Pure Chester White Pigs—Mark W. Johnson.
Pocket-Book lost—W. J. Almon.
Fayette County Sheriff Sales—J. B. Avera.
Sale of Oil Paintings—G. W. Adair.
Exemption Personalty of James T. Ford—Jas. T. Lamkin.

OIL PAINTINGS.—Remember that the sale of Oil Paintings will be continued this morning. It may be the last chance.

"LET US HAVE PEACE."—Peace reigned in Georgia until Governor Bullock and Speaker McWhorter inaugurated discord and disquiet.

WHY IS IT?—It is stated as a fact that but two members of the Georgia Senate wear talmas: is it because they are party leaders, and this is the royal insignia of their standing?

THE CRAFT IN ATLANTA.—Atlanta Typographical Union numbers sixty-four members, of which over fifty are in constant employment. Seven of the members are in other cities.

CANED.—James W. Goldsmith, the popular Agent of the Georgia Railroad at Stone Mountain, was yesterday presented with a handsome walking cane, by some of his friends.

HENRY COUNTY.—We learn that the military have destroyed quite a number of stills in Henry county. In one instance it is reported they destroyed a still that had been lying up in the loft of a house for two years unused.

PUBLIC MEETING.
All persons opposed to the illegal and unprecedented manner of organizing the House of Representatives, are requested to meet at the City Hall, this day, at 3 o'clock, P. M.

ACCIDENT.—We regret to learn that on Wednesday last Mr. William Johnson, residing near Lithonia, in DeKalb county, was accidentally killed by the falling of a well-curb on his head, while trying to lower it into a well.

POST-OFFICE NEWS STAND.—The news stand at the Post-office, under the charge of Orin T. Dozier, is becoming a popular institution. Besides all the leading publications of the day, the Daily CONSTITUTION can be found at his counter.

SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA—EVENING SESSION—January 28, 1870.—No. 10, Macon Circuit, is Mark Huson vs. G. B. Roberts et al. New trial from Bibb. R F Lyon, John Rutherford for plaintiff in error. W K deGraffenried and B Hill for defendants.
Pending the concluding argument for plaintiff in error, the Court adjourned till 10 o'clock A. M. to-morrow.

Mr. Local: The suggestion of your correspondent "Philo," in regard to the post-office, is a good one, and every one that I hear speak on the subject, thinks so likewise. It would not be much trouble to the postmaster, and beside the great accommodation it would afford the public, will tend to make him very popular. As I understand the proposition, it is to have two places for the general delivery of letters, one commencing with A and running to M; the second, from N to the end of the alphabet. I am satisfied it is only necessary to speak of it to the postmaster, and he will comply, as he has always manifested a willingness to oblige the public. ATLANTAN.

ONE DOLLAR STORE.—We are pleased to hear that arrangements have been made to open in our city a branch of the Original One Dollar Store, which in all respects, will be equal to the great original one dollar store in New York. These magnificent establishments have, during the past year, attracted more attention than any other enterprise of a purely legitimate business character, where every article or lot is sold for the uniform price of One Dollar, many of which cost ten times that amount to import or manufacture. The unprecedented success of this novel enterprise and the furor of excitement, the public of New York experienced by the facilities afforded for obtaining the maximum of value for the maximum of price, have induced the managers to inaugurate a branch One Dollar Store in Atlanta, the future metropolis of the South. One of the large and elegant stores in Markham's Empire Building, Whitehall street, is now being fitted up, and due notice will be given in a few days of the grand opening of the One Dollar Palace Store in Atlanta.

THE THEATRE.—A large and brilliant audience attended Dalton's benefit last night, and gave every demonstration of delight. The ladies were out in all their glitter and fashion.
The tragedy of Macbeth was rendered by the company in its full strength, and the rendition was a success. The play affords fine display for the great powers of Dalton's genius. His forte is intense overmastering passion. His genius is of a high order. Some of his bursts of feeling equal anything we have ever seen on the stage. He has a magnificent eye, and its flashing brilliance is no slight accessory of his acting.
Miss Ingersoll as Lady Macbeth acted with her accustomed excellence. She never fails, and last night she proved herself the true artiste, as usual. Miss Boyd, Miss Harmon and Mrs. Balentine are all good actresses. Breyer as Macduff, Perry as Duncan, Langle as Banquo, and Swinburne as Malcolm, did well.
We have failed hitherto to notice that this company has a fine orchestra, whose exquisite music is not by any means the least charm of the performance.
This afternoon they give a matinee for the ladies and children. This will afford a fine opportunity for the little folks to be delighted.
The admission has been reduced to 50 cents so that all may have a chance.

RADICAL KU-KLUX ON THE RAMPAGE—*Disorder and Bloodshed Inaugurated by the Bullockites—Let us have Peace.*—Sensational reporters have telegraphed time and again that the Ku-Klux was playing sad havoc in Georgia. Yet strange to say all was quiet in Georgia, and Gen Terry's soldiers and Gov. Bullock's $5,000 rewards failed to produce a single Democratic Ku-Klux. But since the inauguration of discord and turmoil by the Radical party in Atlanta, it has become patent to every one that the reason why neither the military nor money could find a Democratic Ku-Klux was from the fact that the members of that iniquitous band came entirely from the Radical party.
The course of Speaker McWhorter indicates that he is sort of G. B. J. A., or other high officer in the clan.
The members of the House and Senate who favor law and order have been brow-beaten, insulted, and outraged. To this was added, yesterday, the crowning act of this Ku-Klux clan. It seems that J. E. Bryant, (Radical) in course of debate yesterday, alluded to Mr. Ephriam Tweedy as an "infamous lying scoundrel," (thought by some to be a mild expletive.)
When the House adjourned, Mr. Tweedy met Mr. Bryant in the Hall and demanded a retraction of abusive language used by Bryant towards him in the House. Mr. Bryant refused to retract. Mr. Tweedy struck at Mr. Bryant's face, and Mr. Bryant replied by breaking his cane over Tweedy's head. A whole pack of them now set upon Mr. Bryant, and Fitzpatrick, of Bibb, dealt him a blow on the head from behind with a shelalah, severely wounding him and knocking him down. Mr. Holden happened up at this time and held off Mr. Tweedy and the Messrs. Blodgett, when Mr Bryant, unarmed except with the Code of Georgia, (a dead letter now,) and exhausted from loss of blood, retreated into the Representative Hall, where he gathered a chair and defended himself until rescue came. It is said there were ravenous cries among the assailants of "kill him."
Mr. Bryant was carried to his room. The wound on his head is a severe though not dangerous one. Some of the clan were on the rampage yesterday afternoon, attacking a Democrat on the streets. This is a sample of the acts of the "law and order" party.

SCENES IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—Yesterday, while the vote for Door-Keeper of the House was being taken, Mr. Tate, when his name was reached, called out, "Blodgett," (paying a compliment to that individual, recollecting that he was once a bridge-keeper.) Blodgett came over and asked where was the man who voted for him.
Mr. Tate was pointed out.
Mr. Blodgett asked Mr. Tate which one of the Blodgetts he voted for.
Mr. Tate, who was in blissful ignorance of the name of the distinguished individual addressing him replied:
"I don't know; but it is the one playing 'high Jinks' with the State Road."
Mr. Blodgett then responded, thanking Mr. Tate for his courtesy, and remarking that he would return it when occasion offered.
Mr. Blodgett addressed a remark to Speaker McWhorter. Hon. J. E. Bryant observed it, and rising objected on the ground that no one but a member of the House had a right to address the Chair.
Speaker McWhorter replied that he was not aware that he had been addressed by any one not entitled the privilege. (O, fie! Mr. Speaker—a native Georgian at that!
Mr. Bryant said that he heard an individual address the Chair, and he protested against such unparliamentary proceedings and gross violations of law.
Mr. Blodgett, blushing behind his ears, vacated his position near the Speaker's desk, and advanced towards the seat of Mr. Bryant. When he got within eight or ten feet of Mr. Bryant, he stopped and eyed him with the glance of a hungry leopard just ready to spring upon his prey—a glance in which was concentrated a hate unrelenting and more inhuman and inexorable than "tigers of Hyrcania." Mr. Bryant was leaning over the shoulder of Mr. Holden, and intently watching the manipulations of the vote for door-keeper, by Speaker McWhorter and his cohorts, and did not notice Mr. Blodgett for some time.
But the animal magnetism, or intense bitterness of H. Blodgett's fiery glare aroused Mr. Bryant, and, with his usual dauntless spirit, he returned the gaze for a few moments. It is well known that if you look steadily and unflinchingly in the eye of the fiercest of animals, that they will finally cower and quail before it, and retreat. In this instance, Mr. Blodgett soon retired, the danger passed off like a summer cloud, and Mr. Bryant was not devoured. Another scene soon after proved, however, that that fierce glare meant revenge!

Local and Business Notices.

NOTICE.—Col. T. M. Acton, is the duly authorized traveling agent of THE CONSTITUTION, and we commend him to the attention of our friends wherever he may go in behalf of our interest.

Agents for the Constitution.

The following gentlemen are regularly authorized, as local Agents, to receive and receipt for subscriptions to THE CONSTITUTION, at the following places:
J. B. AVERA, Fayetteville, Ga.
W. H. STANSELL, Warrenton, Ga.
JOE MCCONNELL, Calhoun, Ga.
JUDGE T. O. JACOBS, Forsyth, Ga.
ROCKWOOD CUMMINGS, Depot Agt, Palmetto, Ga.
Col. J. H. LOGAN, Griffin, Ga.
W. A. JONES, West Point, Ga.
KNOTT & NOLAN, McDonough, Ga.
O. P. SKELTON, Alpharetta, Ga.
WARREN & KEMP, Albany, Ga.
R. C. BEAVERS, Campbellton, Ga.
JAS. T. LAMKIN, Lawrenceville, Ga.
C. A. DUNWOODY, Roswell Factory, Ga.
THOMAS SHAW, Notasulga, Ala.
J. W. BRYSON, Powder Springs, Ga.
H. H. FREAR, Kingston, Ga.
V. L. ROBERTSON, Cleveland, Ga.
JOHN W. MCCURDY, Stone Mountain, Ga.
T. J. COX, Gadsden, Ala.

LATEST FROM THE LADIES.—Since the introduction of PHALON'S VITALIA OR SALVATION FOR THE HAIR, ladies who formerly used dyes, are universally abandoning them. They find the new article so harmless, so clean and pure, so pleasant to the senses, and with all so superior as a means of renewing the original color, that they absolutely shudder when they think of the filthy stuff they once used. jan29-deod1w

IN STORE AND TO ARRIVE SOON.—10,000 bushels white and yellow corn, 3,000 bushels mixed seed oats, 2,000 bushels feed oats, 1,000 bushels bread and feed meal, 500 bales timothy hay, 100,000 pounds bacon and bulk meat, 20,000 pounds lard in barrels, 50 and 25 pound cans, 500 barrels flour, including good superfine at $6 per barrel; also, a large stock of groceries. Send your orders, or call in person before making your purchases. A. K. SEAGO, Wholesale dealer, cor. Forsyth and Mitchell streets, Atlanta, established 1852. jan29-d6t

A BODY AND MIND DISEASE.—Such is dyspepsia. The stomach and the brain are too intimately allied for the one to suffer without the other, so that dyspepsia and despondency are inseparable. It may be added, too, that irritation of the stomach is almost invariably accompanied by irritation of the temper.
The invigorating and tranquilizing operation of Hostetter's Bitters is most powerfully developed in cases of indigestion. The first effect of this agreeable tonic is comforting and encouraging. A mild glow pervades the system, the chronic uneasiness in the region of the stomach is lessened, and the nervous restlessness which characterizes the disease is abated. This improvement is not transient. It is not succeeded by the return of the old symptoms with superadded force, as is always the case when unmedicated stimulants are given for the complaint. Each dose seems to impart a permanent accession of healthful invigoration. But this is not all. The aperient and anti-bilious properties of the preparation are scarcely secondary in importance to its tonic virtues. If there is an overflow of bile the secretion is soon brought within proper limits, and if the biliary organ is inert and torpid, it is toned and regulated. The effect upon the discharging organs is equally salutary, and in cases of constipation the cathartic action is just sufficient to produce the desired result gradually and without pain. The Bitters also promote healthy evaporation from the surface which is particularly desirable at this season, when sudden spells of raw, unpleasant weather are apt to check the natural perspiration and produce congestion of the liver, coughs and colds. The best safeguard against all diseases is bodily vigor, and this the great vegetable Restorative essentially promotes. jan26-deod1w&w1t

A DRAWING ROOM CHAT.—The following conversation took place in the drawing room of a mansion on Clinton Avenue, Brooklyn, one pleasant forenoon about ten days ago. (Two ladies, Mrs. Morgan and Mrs. Knight, had just dropped in for a morning's call on Mrs. Rapelje, the lady of the house.)
Mrs. M.—My dear Mrs. Rapelje, are you sick? You look quite delicate.
Mrs. R.—Not, not sick, exactly; but suffering from debility, and dreadfully nervous. Do you know, I could cry this minute.
Mrs. K.—Too much excitement, I'm afraid.
Mrs. R.—Perhaps. But what can one do? In the gay season, one must give parties and attend them.
Mrs. M.—I suppose so. Fashion is law—more's the pity. But you must take something to tone your system, or you'll break down.
Mrs. R.—I hate medicine! But you shall prescribe for me. What would you advise?
Mrs. M.—Well; I'll tell you my plan. Whenever I'm nervous or hysterical, or have a headache, or am at all out of sorts, I take a couple of tablespoonfuls of Plantation Bitters once or twice a day for a week or so, and it invariably brings me round.
Mrs. K.—I do the same thing, with the same pleasant result. I have implicit faith in this article.
Mrs. R.—Well, ladies, on your recommendation, I'll try it.

"SEA MOSS FARINE can be taken into the stomach of the most delicate, and is just the thing for invalids and all those desiring a light and delicate food."—Post. jan25-deod1w&w1t

UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS.—Within the past year, fifty thousand boxes of DR. TUTT'S VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS have been sold, and not a single instance is known where they have failed to give satisfaction. If you would enjoy life, have a fine appetite and robust health, use these pills. jan26-d1w

MAGAZINES, Music, Law Books, etc., bound, and old books re-bound quick and cheap, by Hanleiter. nov14-dtf

AT COST! AT COST!—Preparatory to taking our semi-annual inventory, we offer the following goods at cost:
Black and Colored Silks,
Irish and French Poplins,
Merinos, Delaines, Poplins,
Empress Cloths, Velours, Ottomans,
Flannels, Linseys, Blankets,
Shawls, Cloaks, Cassimeres, etc.,
All other goods will be sold at greatly reduced prices.
We guarantee to sell goods as low as any house in the city. Come and satisfy yourself. PECK, DESAULLES & Co.,
64 Whitehall Street.
jan23-d6t

WANTED.—A good Book-Binder. Apply at once for steady situation and good wages to W. R. HANLEITER.
dec14-tf

PECK, DESAULLES & Co., are selling Dry Goods at cost. jan23-d6t

EVERYBODY should have one of Hanleiter's Memoranda cases, with name gilded on it—$1.50. nov14-dtf

BY TELEGRAPH

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

WASHINGTON, January 28.—Revenue receipts to-day $510,000.
The Territorial Committee have agreed to report a bill to abolish polygamy in Utah, and empowering the President to enforce its suppression by the military, if necessary.
The steamer Seminole is ordered to Samana.
In the House, the Legislative, Judicial, and Executive appropriation bill was up.
Voorhees made a long speech upon the financial question and the national banking system.
Butler made another response to Dawes. The latter replied that he did not wish to qualify anything he had said, and was willing to let the country judge of the claim of Simpson, the member elect from the 4th South Carolina district, which was laid aside, he being unable to take the oath.
The Committee on Elections reported, in the case of the claimants from Georgia, under the elections of April, 1868, declaring them not entitled to seats.
The session to-morrow will be devoted to debate. The only bill passed was one providing for the election of Public Printer. It received the sanction of both Houses.
In the Senate the following proceedings occurred; Mr. Johnson presented himself, when Mr. Willy announced J. W. Johnson present, Senator elect from Virginia, stating that his disabilities had been removed and he desired to be sworn in. Mr. Edmunds suggested that there might be some further legislation necessary.
He had been informed that the disabilities of this gentleman had not been removed. He understood that the disabilities of a Mr. Johnson had been removed, but whether it was this Mr. John W. Johnson he was not certain, and identity, of course, ought to be established.
Willey read from one of the acts removing political disabilities, where the name of Jno. W. Johnson, of Washington county, occurred, and this was the gentleman here present.
Sumner said there would be no objection, of course, if this was fact.
Senator Eliot then advanced and the oath was administered.
A bill allowing conscientious Virginians to affirm, passed and goes to the President.
A bill abolishing the franking privilege was read twice. Ramsey moved its immediate consideration. Drake and Vickers objected, and it was referred to the Committee on Post-offices.
The bill involves the abolition of free circulation of papers within counties or parishes of publication.
The Judiciary Committee were instructed to inquire whether additional legislation was necessary regarding Georgia.
Discussing an appropriation for the poor, Mr. Hamlin said: "and to the credit of the Jews be it said, that while they have contributed liberally, they have supported their own poor."
The currency was discussed to an adjournment to Monday.
HELENA, MONTANA, Jan. 28.—The 4th Cavalry and 1st Infantry companies, under Col. Baker, left Fort Shaw and captured Bear Chief's camp, over thirty lodges. Men, women and children were killed, including Bear Chief. Only eight men escaped, who fled to the British possessions. It is understood that Baker's expedition have permission to cross the lines in pursuit.
RICHMOND, January 28.—General Canby to-day issued an order turning over the administration of State affairs to the civil authority. The military officers filling positions of State Auditor and Secretary to-day tendered their resignations to the Governor.
In the matter of negro troubles with the street cars, Mayor Cahoon decided that the attempt of the blacks was made in violation of the military order making a distinction, and that, now that the State was under the civil authorities, negroes must seek redress in civil suits before State courts, or criminal prosecution before Federal courts.
SAVANNAH, Jan 28—The Green Line excursion party, comprising about 350 delegates from Cincinnati, Louisville and Nashville, and visitors from Atlanta and Macon, arrived here to-day, and were met at the Atlantic and Gulf Railroad Depot, by a large committee of friends. In the afternoon they were entertained by dinners on board several vessels in port. Tomorrow the excursionists will visit Fort Pulaski and other places of interest.
MONTGOMERY, January 28.—In the Senate to-day, a bill was introduced ratifying and confirming the agreement made by the Commissioners for the annexation of West Florida, to whom the bill was referred.
The resolution memorializing Congress for the removal of disabilities was debated to adjournment.
A bill was introduced to punish drunkenness with imprisonment in the penitentiary, but not to apply to members of the Legislature.
In the House, the Committee reported the bill to organize the Mobile City Government, so amended as to leave the appointing power entirely with the Governor. Adjourned without action.
LONDON, Jan. 28.—The Pall Mall Gazette states that the Alabama Claims negotiations have been suspended.
Peabody's lands, recently seized by the crown officers, have been released.
The cotton spinners, at Wigan and Lancaster, are on a strike.
ROME, January 28.—Col. Barnato has been appointed President of the Western Rites and Apostolic Missions.
PORTSMOUTH, January 28.—Six hundred workmen were discharged from the navy yard on account of the exhaustion of the appropriation.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, January 28.—Cotton quiet; sales 1,500 bales at 25⅝. Flour moderately active, without change in prices. Wheat less active, heavy; winter red and amber western 1 28a1 31. Corn heavy; new 90a93. Pork heavy at 27 00a27 25. Lard heavy at 17¼a18. Whisky 99. Turpentine 46a47½. Rosin 2 07½a8 00. Freights quiet.
Money easy at 4a6, but more active; prime business paper wanted at 7a8. Sterling quiet at 9. Gold heavy at 1 21⅛. Governments steady; 1862s 15⅛. Southerns generally firmer.
BALTIMORE, January 28.—Cotton firmer at 25¼. Flour fairly active, favors buyers; Howard Street superfine 4 75a5 00. Wheat dull; choice Maryland 1 30a1 40; Pennsylvania 2 30. Corn weak; white 1 00a1 05; yellow 96a98. Provisions strong. Pork 29 00a29 50. Shoulders 13½a14½. Whisky held at 1 00; Virginias old 48½, 66a68; 67s 58. North Carolinas, new, 40 bid.
LOUISVILLE, January 28.—Corn unchanged. Pork 28 00. Shoulders 13¾; clear sides 16½. Lord 17½. Whisky 95.
NEW ORLEANS, January 28.—Cotton easier at 24⅞a25; sales 3,900 bales; receipts 9,541 bales; exports to Liverpool, 6,767 bales; Vera Cruz, 353 bales. Flour quite firm—superfine 5 35a5 75; extra 6 00a6 12. Corn—white 1 05; yellow 1 00a1 10. Oats firmer—sales at 70. Bran 1 38. Hay 30 00. Pork dull—mess 29 75. Bacon shoulders firm at 14¼; sides scarce at 17¾; clear sides 18a18¼. Lard—tierce 16¾; keg 17¾a18. Sugar extremely dull and drooping at 11½a11½. Molasses—prime 68a70. Whisky 95a1 05. Coffee—fair 15¼a15⅝; prime 17¼a17½. Gold 1 21⅝. Sterling Exchange 31½. New York Sight Exchange ¼c discount.
Weekly Cotton Statement—Receipts, net, 43,759 bales; gross 43,890 bales; exports to Liverpool 23,909 bales; Havre 6,914 bales; Bremen 3,715 bales; Spain 2,734 bales; coastwise 2,596 bales; stock 182,443 bales.
MOBILE, January 28.—Cotton: limited demand, and closed quiet; sales 900 bales; middlings 24½; receipts 3,505 bales; exports 5,917 bales; receipts for the week 12,626 bales; exports to Great Britain 8,160 bales; other foreign ports 416 bales; coastwise 2,092 bales; stock 71,399 bales; sales 10,700 bales.
SAVANNAH, January 28.—Cotton market firm; middlings 25; sales 800 bales; receipts 2,618 bales.
AUGUSTA, January 28.—Cotton in fair demand, and prices a shade firmer; middlings 24a24½; sales 820 bales; receipts 800 bales; sales for the week 3,543 bales; receipts 3,654 bales; stock 21,216 bales.
CHARLESTON, January 28.—Cotton active and firmer; middlings 25; sales 700 bales; receipts 1,078 bales; exports, coastwise, 309 bales; Great Britain 2,065 bales.
WILMINGTON, January 28.—Spirits turpentine firm and better at 43. Rosin quiet—strained 1 80. Crude turpentine steady at 1 65a2 80. Tar steady at 2 80. Cotton firm at 23¼a25.
LIVERPOOL, January 28, evening.—Cotton quiet, steady; uplands 11⅞; Orleans 11⅞; sales 12,000 bales; speculation and export 2,000 bales. Breadstuffs dull. Pork firmer. Bacon firm. Cotton afloat 283,000 bales, of which 163,000 are American.
LONDON, January 28, evening.—Tallow firmer. Common rosin dull. Turpentine firmer.
HAVRE, January 28.—Cotton opens quiet both on spot and afloat at 140f.

Latest Market Reports.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

OFFICE OF THE DAILY CONSTITUTION, FRIDAY EVENING, Jan. 28, 1870.

Cotton Market.

Receipts light; middlings 23½a23¾; middlings 23; low middlings 22¼; good ordinary 21½; ordinary 20.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

Atlanta Financial Market.

Exchange on New York buying at par selling at ¼c premium. Gold, buying at 1 20 selling, 1 22; Silver, buying, 1 15, selling 1 20; Gold Dust, buying 1 10, selling, 1 15; Bullion, buying 1 25, selling, 1 30. No change in quotations of stocks and uncurrent bills.

Georgia Bank Notes.

Georgia Railroad and Banking Company	@ 99
Central Railroad and Banking Company	@ 99
Marine Bank of Georgia	@ 98
Bank of Middle Georgia	@ 97
Bank of Athens	@ 50
Bank of Fulton	@ 20
Bank of Savannah	@ 25
City Bank of Augusta	@ 10
Bank of the State of Georgia	@ 05
Bank of Empire State	@ 05
Merchants' and Planters' Bank	@ 03
Bank of Commerce	@ 02
Manufacturers' Bank—Macon	@ 02
Union Bank	@ 05
Mechanics' Bank	@ 00
Planters' Bank	@ 00
Augusta Savings Bank	@ 05
Northwestern Bank	@ 00
Timber Cutters' Bank	@ 00

South Carolina Bank Notes.

Bank of South Carolina	@ 07
Union Bank	@ 98
Peoples' Bank	@ 85
Bank of Newberry	@ 75
Bank of Charleston	@ 85
Planters' and Mechanics' Bank	@ 85
Bank of Hamburg	@ 04
Bank of Camden	@ 45
Bank of Chester	@ 10
Bank of Georgetown	@ 12
Bank State of South Carolina, old	@ 40
Bank State of South Carolina, new	@ 10
Exchange Bank	@ 09
Southwestern Railroad, new	@ 65
State Bank	@ 06
Merchants' Bank	@ 05
City of Charleston notes	@ 90
Planters' Bank of Fairfield	@ 04
Carolina Treasury Notes	@ 35

Bonds and Stocks.

Pensacola and Georgia Railroad Bonds	50@ 60
Atlantic and Gulf Railroad Bonds	75@ 87
Mont. and W. Pt Bonds, 1st mortgage	85@ 87
Mont. and W. Pt Bonds, income	65@ 70
Mont. and W. Pt. Bonds, Stock	20@ 25
Macon and Western Railroad Stock	1 15@1 20
Macon and Augusta, endorsed	90@ 95
Macon and Augusta, not endorsed	80@ 85
Macon and Augusta Stock	20@ 25
Muscogee Railroad Bonds	93@ 96
Muscogee Railroad Stock	93@ 97
Columbia S. C. Bonds	68@ 70
Georgia 6 per cent	78@ 80
Georgia 7 per cent	88@ 90
Georgia Coupons	85@ 90
North Carolina 6 per cent	30@ 35
North Carolina Coupons	30@ 35
Tennessee 6 per cent	40@ 50
Tennessee coupons	50@ 52
South Carolina Bonds, old	70@ 75
South Carolina Bonds, new	70@ 75
S. C. Railroad Bonds, 6 per cent	70@ 57
S. C. Railroad Bonds, 7 per cent	75@ 80
Memphis and Charleston R. R. Bonds	85@ 80
Georgia Railroad Bonds	98@1 01
Georgia Railroad Stock	1 05@1 07

Dried Fruit.

Peeled Peaches 10a12c; not peeled 5½a6c; Apples 4a5c.

Grain Market.

New corn 1 28a1 30 shelled; no old in the market. Wheat may be quoted at 1 40a1 50 for prime red, and 1 50a1 60 for prime white. Oats are in fair demand at 85c; black, for seed, 85. Rye in good supply at 1 40.

Bacon Market.

Fair stock of new bacon in market. We quote as follows: Bacon, clear sides, 19; clear rib sides 18½; shoulders 15; hams 20a21. Bulk meats, clear sides, 17; clear rib sides 16½; shoulders 13; hams 16¾a18. Lard, tierces, 19a19½; cans, 19a20. Hogs in good demand with light supply. Worth to-day 10a10½ gross; net 12½a13.

Flour Market.

Superfine per bbl. 5 75a6 25; extra 6 50a7 00; family 7 00a7 50; fancy 8 00a8 50.

Cow Feed.

Peas, none; pea meal, none; oil meal, 4 50a5 00 per bbl, 200 lbs; bran, 1 50 per 100 lbs; prime clover hay, 1 85a2 00 per 100 lbs. Kentucky Cow Feed, $1 per bushel.

Grocery Market.

Corn meal in fair demand at 1 30a1 35. Rice, 9½a10c, tierces. Soap, 7a9c. Candles, adamantine, 17a18c; Tallow 12a15c. A. Sugar, 17c; Extra C, 16½; Yellow, C 16; Brown, 15½a16. Rio Coffee, 22a25½. Beeswax, 33a34. Virginia salt, 2 25. Liverpool, 2 40a2 50. N. O. Syrup, 80a1 00. Molasses, barrels, 57½. Pepper, 37½. Race Ginger, 25. Starch 10. Extra State cheese, 20c; Factory, 21a22c; English dairy, 24c. Goshen butter 45c; Tennessee, 35c. Apples 5 00a7 00 per bbl.

Fertilizers.

Dickson's Compound, 66 00 per ton; Soluble Pacific 72 50; Acid Phosphate of Lime 52 50; Wilson's Ammoniated Sup. Phos. Lime, 65 00a70 00 cash, 75 00 time; Virginia Land Plaster 22 50; Baugh's Rawbone Sup. Phos. 70 00; Coe's Sup. Phos. 75 00; Ground Bone 65 00; Willingham Fertilizer 65 00 cash, 75 00 time; Whann's Rawbone Sup. Phos. 70 00 cash; Ruth's Challenge Sup. Phos. 75 00; Chesapeake Guano 75 00 cash, 85 00 time; Georgia Fertilizer 70 00 cash, 80 00 time. Oakley Mills Flour of Rawbone (at mills,) 75 00; pure Dissolved Bone (at mills,) 75 00. Sea Fowl Guano, 72 50; Etiwan No. 1, 62; No. 2, 72 00; Peruvian Guano 115 00; Rhodes' Superphosphate 67 50; Mape's Superphosphate 70 00; Zell's Superphosphate 70 00.

Tobacco Market.

Low grades, 60; Medium, 62½a70; Good medium, 70a80; Fine, 90a1 00; Choice, 1 25; Leaf, 25c.

Powder and Shot.

Rifle powder, per keg, 25 pounds, 7 25; blasting, 5 25. Patent shot, per bag, 3 40; buck, 3 75.

Liquor Market.

Whisky, rectified, 1 25a1 50 as to proof; Bourbon 1 40a5 00; Robinson County, 2 00a3 00; Cognac Brandy, 1 50a12 00; St. Croix Rum, 4 00a6 00; Jamaica Rum, 4 00a6 00; Holland Gin, 1 50a5 00; Scotch, 3 50a4 00; Domestic Porter, 3 00.

Lime and Cement.

Cherokee lime, 50c per bushel; Chewackla, 60c. Hydraulic cement, 5 00 per barrel, James River 4 50 per bbl. Plaster of Paris, 6 00 per barrel.

Lumber Market.

All classes of framing lumber bring readily 20 00 per M; all plank (green) 22 50 per M; weather boarding, 22 50; flooring, tongued and grooved, 32 50; shingles, pine, drawed, 3 00 per M; sawed, 5 75a6 00 per M; white oak wagon timber, 30 00 per M; walnut, 80 00.

Leather and Hides.

White oak sole, 40a50; Hemlock, good, 31a35; damaged, 25a30; French calf skins, 36 00a60 00 per doz; American calf skins, 25 00a45 00; Harness leather, 45a50c; upper leather, 60a80c; lining skins, (sheep), 4 50a9 00 per doz. Green hides 8a9c; dry, salted, 16a18c; dry flint, 18a20c.

Hardware Market.

We quote Swedes iron, 8a9; horse shoe, 7a8; round and square, 5a10; City Mills bar, 5a6; Pittsburgh bar, 6; nail rod, 10a12; band, 7a8; Nails, 4s to 60s, 5 80; 3s, common, 7 00; 3s, fine, 9 00. Plow steel, 12½c; cast, 20a28c; German, 18a30.

Drugs and Dyes.

Bi-carb soda 7a8 per pound. Blue stone 18a20. Copperas 4a5. Epsom salts 6½a8. Madder 22a25. Opium 17 00a19 00 per pound. Alum, 8a10. Borax, 45. Brimstone, 8a10. Camphor, 1 30a1 40. Indigo, 1 20a1 60. Quinine, 2 75 per oz. Saltpetre, 12a20c per pound. Castor oil, quarts, 6 00a6 50; pints, 3 50a3 75; per gal., 3 75a4 00. Sweet oil, per dozen, 1 50a6 00; per gal., 1 45a3 50.

Oils and Paints.

Linseed oil, raw, per gal., 1 30a1 35; do. boiled, 1 35a1 40. Sperm, 2 50a3 00; Whale 1 50a2 00; Lard, 1 40a2 00; Pure Winter 1 75a2 00; Tanners, 1 00a1 25; Kerosene 45a50c; Petro. 40; Copal Varnish, 2 75a4 00; Japan, 3 00a3 00; Coach, 5 00a6 00. White lead, per lb., 11½a15; do., pure, 16½.

Bagging and Rope.

India and Borneo bagging, 26a28c; Kentucky, 26a28. Machine made rope, 8½c; hand made, 8c.

Dry Goods Market.

Allens 13; Spragues, 13; Pacific 13; Lancaster, 13½; Wamsutta, 9; Amoskeag 13; Ticking, Pittsfield, 12; Croton, 13; Albany 13; Kenera B 18; Amoskeag D 22; Hamilton 22; Conestoga 4-4 20; Amoskeag A C A 40.

Factory Goods.

[illegible]

L. H. BRADFIELD'S COLUMN.

DR. J. BRADFIELD'S

FEMALE REGULATOR,

KNOWLEDGE

Woman's Best Friend

THIS valuable Medicine is prepared for Women exclusively, and to be used by WOMEN only. It is adapted especially to those cases where the WOMB is disordered, and will cure any irregularity in the "menses," except in such cases as require a surgical operation. As these last are very rare, the FEMALE REGULATOR is of almost universal application. In a sudden check of the "monthly courses" from COLD, trouble of mind or like cause, it acts like a charm, by RESTORING THE DISCHARGE IN EVERY INSTANCE, thus relieving the fever, headache, pain in the small of the back and "lower stomach," flushes of heat about the face, chilly sensations, burning of the eyelids and general restlessness. Taken in time, all these symptoms pass away immediately, without injury to the constitution. Frequently, however, the proper remedy is not applied in time, the disease becomes chronic, and the foundation laid for numberless evils to the constitution of the woman. The next "turn" comes around and there is no "show," or perhaps the "whites" will appear. There will be some uneasiness about the womb, but very little or none of the natural fluid escaping. The complexion becomes sallow, bowels swollen, a sort of greenish caste about the face, constant dull aching pains in the head, weight in the lower stomach and back, with or without whites, palpitations of the heart, pallor, exhaustion, indigestion, weariness, langour, aching across the loins, loss of appetite, pain in left breast, tightness across the chest, cough and giddiness. It still allowed to go on, "green sickness" will be fully developed—the headache becomes severe, with loss of memory, diminishing sensibility, SICK STOMACH, dyspepsia no relish for food, loss of flesh, increased fluttering of the heart SWELLING OF THE FEET, legs and body and occasional spitting of blood. The slightest effort causes HURRIED BREATHING, almost SUFFOCATION. The skin is flabby and a "doughy feel." This is a sad picture, but it is the condition of thousands of women between the ages of 15 and 45, who are brought to the verge of the grave by ignorance or neglect to take the proper remedy. To all who are afflicted with any of the symptoms above mentioned, in connection with an irregularity of the "monthly sickness," we earnestly say TAKE DR J. BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR. A few ounces taken, you will at once experience its benefits, and with a little patience you will be fully restored to health.
This remedy has been extensively used for upwards of twenty years by many of the most experienced and successful Physicians of Georgia.
We repeat, that Dr. J. BRADFIELD'S FEMALE REGULATOR is prepared for WOMEN, and to be used by Women only.
A trial is all we ask.
Prepared and sold in any quantity, by
L. H. BRADFIELD,
WHOLESALE DRUGGIST,
Atlanta, Georgia.

Price, $1.50 per Bottle.

☞ Sold by Druggists generally.

ATLANTA, GA., December 29th, 1868.
DR. J. BRADFIELD—Dear Sir: I take pleasure in stating that some time previous to the late war, I used, with the utmost success, on a servant girl, your FEMALE REGULATOR, prepared then at Bradfield's Drug Store, West Point, Ga. She had been suffering severely from suppressed menstruation, and this Medicine soon restored her to health. She is, to-day, living in Atlanta, sound and well.
I will state, further, that I know of its being used, with equal success, on a servant girl of my brother-in law, Professor Rutherford, of Athens, Ga. This woman had, I think, been diseased for six years. She was a house servant, and seemed cured, up to the time of "freedom." I do not hesitate to indorse your preparation for the purposes for which you recommend it.
Yours truly, JNO. C. WHITNER.

STATE OF GEORGIA, TROUP COUNTY.
This is to certify that I have examined the recipe of Dr. Joseph Bradfield, of this county, and, as a medical man, pronounce it to be a combination of Medicines of great merit in the treatment of all the diseases of females for which he recommends it. WM. P. BEASLEY, M. D.
This December 21st, 1868.

MOUNTVILLE, 1868.
DR. J. BRADFIELD—Dear Sir: I have much pleasure in saying I have witnessed the most decided and happy effects of your Female Regulator in this neighborhood. WM. H. FINCHEN.

MOUNTVILLE, 1868.
DR. J. BRADFIELD—Dear Sir: I have repeatedly used, in my family, your Female Regulator, and have, in every case, met with complete success. G. L. DAVIS.

☞ I also prepare, and have for sale, a YEAST POWDER, equal to the best, and for much less price.
☞ I also prepare a LIQUID BLUING, now in use by many of the best house keepers in the city, and pronounced by them to be very superior.

L. H. BRADFIELD,
Druggist, Atlanta, Ga.
Sole Agent for Geo. M. Hay's
Sure Cure for Intemperance,
feb18-eod1y

DR. O. S. PROPHITT,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

Is still Manufacturing all of His Celebrated

Family Medicines,

CONSISTING OF HIS

LIVER MEDICINE,

Anodyne Pain Kill-It,

ANTI-BILIOUS PILLS,

AGUE PILLS!

Dysentery Cordial, Female Tonic,

—AND—

PURIFYING PILLS,

As heretofore, and will attend to all business in his line that comes to his office.
Will prescribe for patients when consulted, and examine any that come to his office at any time, (Sundays excepted.)
Will treat secret diseases of all kinds. Special attention given to Female Diseases both acute and chronic, etc., etc.

PROMPT ATTENTION GIVEN TO ALL ORDERS.

Prophitt's Liver Medicine,

Has the advantage of almost any other preparation of Medicine that acts upon the Liver. It is in the form of a Fluid Extract—ready for use at all times, day or night, and can be carried to any locality in America, winter or summer, as it will neither sour or freeze at any temperature that a human being can occupy with safety.
It is not too strong for children, or too weak for the most robust. There is no trouble about taking it, only to unstop

THE BOTTLE

and drink it whenever you may want it. It has gained a very high reputation in every locality it has had a fair and honorable chance to prove itself, at any point

IN AMERICA.

and it has been used in every State South of Maine, and is alike applicable to disorders of the

Liver and Digestive Powers

at all places yet tried. Traveling agents, both and South, carry it, and find the [illegible] it is in all climates. The above named [illegible] prepared only by

O. S. PROPHITT,

[illegible]

CONSTITUTION PRINTING HOUSE!

"EXCELSIOR!"

OUR MOTTO.

Ahead of all Competition!

Broad Street, Near Atlanta Engine House, and Opposite Post Office,

—WITH—

New and Elegant Presses!

And a large and extensive

VARIETY OF JOB TYPE

We are prepared to do all kinds of

Book and Job Work!

In the best style and at

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES

ALL WE ASK IS A TRIAL!

Plain and Fancy Printing, in colors, such as

BONDS,	CATALOGUES,
BANK CHECKS,	CIRCULARS,
BILL HEADS,	PROGRAMMES,
BUSINESS CARDS,	POSTERS,
BLANKS,	

Anything from a Wedding Card to a Mammoth Poster!

Or from a

Railroad Ticket to a Ledger!

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION!

A Live Democratic Sheet!

Best Advertising Medium!

Through which men can bring their names and business before the public.

Circulation increasing Rapidly Every Day.

ITS MOTTO:

"Unwavering fidelity to principle better than violent denunciation;"

PRINCIPIA NON HOMINES;

The development of the vast natural resources of Georgia, and the advancement of the material prosperity of the whole State, from Dade to Chatham.

With Able and Experienced Editors,

"To the manor born," a

HOST OF CONTRIBUTORS!

AND CORRESPONDENTS,

The Proprietors feel no hesitancy in assuring the public that the reputation of THE CONSTITUTION as a

LIVE NEWSPAPER!

And an independent and out-spoken journal will be maintained. It columns will contain

Pungent Editorials!

On the topics of the day.

Local, Commercial, and General News, Agricultural, Mercantile and Political Intelligence from all Quarters.

No pains will be spared to make it a valuable and necessary companion to the Merchant, the Mechanic, the Artisan, the Professional Man, the Agriculturist and the Laborer, and suitable alike for the

Boudoir or the Counting Room, the Fireside or the Work-shop!

THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTION!

A large and well filled sheet, will contain the cream of the Daily, and those not having daily mail facilities, will find the Weekly a

PERFECT LUXURY!

TERMS OF THE DAILY

Are $10 00 per annum, $5 00 for six months, or $1 00 per month,

INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

THE TERMS OF THE WEEKLY

Are $2 00 per annum, or $1 00 for six months, payable in advance.
To all subscribers to the Daily and Weekly for twelve months, after this date, we will furnish the

RURAL SOUTHERNER,

A monthly Agricultural Journal, published in Atlanta, free of charge, for the same period.

[illegible]

connected with the Constitution is one of the best

BOOK BINDERIES!

In the State.
Send in your orders for

Book Binding or Ruling;

Send in your orders for

Book and Job Work!

Send in your ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTION LISTS for the Daily and Weekly CONSTITUTION.

Address,

W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.,
Proprietors, Atlanta.

Important to Farmers and Planters.

MERRYMAN'S RAW-BONE

SUPER-PHOSPHATE FOR COTTON!

THIS Phosphate has proved itself to be the Cheapest, and fully equal to any in the Market. Unsurpassed by the highest-priced Guanos. Its adaptation to

COTTON, WHEAT, CORN, OATS, TOBACCO, GARDEN TRUCK, GRASSES, ETC.,

Has been thoroughly and satisfactorily tested. Finely ground and suitable for Drilling. Put up in bags of 167 lbs. each.

O. P. MERRYMAN & CO., MANUFACTURERS, BALTIMORE, MD.

Send to Agents for Circulars containing other testimonials from different sections of the State. For sale by ABBOTT & BRO., Atlanta, Ga.

NEAR JONESBORO, GA., Nov. 3, 1869.
Messrs. ABBOTT & BRO., Atlanta, Ga.—Sirs: In reply to your enquiry, as to the merits of Merryman's Raw Bone Phosphate, I take pleasure in stating that in my opinion there is no Fertilizer in use that is superior to it. I used it on my cotton, and am well pleased with it, and will use it more extensively another year. I do not hesitate to recommend it to all who want a good reliable Fertilizer.
Yours, truly, ELLISON RUSH.

EAST POINT, GA., Oct. 21, 1869.
Messrs. ABBOTT & BRO., Atlanta, Ga.—Gentlemen—The two tons of Merryman's Raw Bone Phosphate, purchased of you last spring, I applied on my cotton and potatoes, with the most satisfactory results. Until this year, I have always used the Chesapeake Guano and Baugh's Raw Bone Phosphate, and I have no hesitancy in saying, after thorough tests, that Merryman's Raw Bone Phosphate is fully equal, if not superior to either of the others.
Yours, truly, JOSEPH CALDWELL.

jan12-d3m

JOHN STEPHENS, Late with Glenn, Wright & Carr.	JOHN H. FLYNN, Atlanta.	LOUIS GHOLSTIN Atlanta.

STEPHENS, FLYNN & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

IN GRAIN, PROVISIONS, PRODUCE, LIQUORS, ETC.

Agents for the Sale of

LIME, GUANO, VIRGINIA LAND PLASTER & SALT

Forsyth Street—Near the Capitol—Atlanta, Ga.

HAVE NOW IN STORE AND IN TRANSIT:

10,000 BUSHELS Corn from Kentucky and Tennessee.
10,000 BUSHELS Oats, Black, White and Mixed.
1,000 BUSHELS Wheat, Red and White.
200,000 LBS. Prime Timothy Hay.
1,000 POUNDS Prime Feathers, (Live Geese.)
1,000 BARRELS of Flour, Various Grades in Sacks and Barrels.
1,000 TONS Guano—Wilson's Ammoniated Super-Phosphate.

PURE OLD RYE WHISKY,

Corn Whisky, Virginia Apple Brandy, Bacon, Lard, Bulk Meats, Poultry, Eggs, Butter Apples, Oranges, etc., Lime, Hydraulic Cement, Portable Grates.

Our Consignments Come Direct from Producers and Manufacturers,

And will be sold low, as our instructions are to sell promptly. Dealers will find it to their interest to give us a trial.
We are also prepared to receive and sell COTTON ON CONSIGNMENT, and MAKE ADVANCES on the same.
dec15-d6m STEPHENS, FLYNN & CO.

THE OAKLEY MILLS FERTILIZER COMPANY,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA,

Are largely engaged in the manufacture of

Pure Flour of Rawbone,

—AND—

PURE DISSOLVED BONE.

They are also preparing Dickson's Mixture from the Formula furnished them by Mr. Dickson himself, which they warrant and they invite the most scrutinizing analysis. Dickson's formula is no secret, but, as everybody knows, has been repeatedly published. Our principal business is the manufacture of

BONE FLOUR AND DISSOLVED BONE,

which we do better than anybody, but we put up Dickson's preparation for the convenience of parties wanting to buy of us, and if it is not as good or better than the best, we charge nothing for it. We will also prepare in accordance with any formula Planters may desire.

OFFICE, AT GLENN & WRIGHT'S WAREHOUSE.

J. F. NUTTING,
dec25-d3m Secretary and Treasurer.

STANDARD FERTILIZER.

DICKSON'S COMPOUND,

MANUFACTURED BY THE

Dickson Fertilizer Company, Augusta, Ga.

$66 PER TON delivered on Board Cars—Guaranteed Pure, and Manufactured under the direction of Mr. David Dickson, of Sparta, Ga. Upon the formula given us by him, no interior or adulterating material used whatever. Other parties who make a so-called Dickson's Mixture or Dickson's Compound, are not authorized by Mr. Dickson to use his name in the sale of their manipulations. No other

DICKSON'S COMPOUND

is genuine, and upon the true formula, but our own. Persons, in doubt, may easily refer to Mr. Dickson, whose address is Sparta, Ga. Look for the Brand on each bag of the Dickson Fertilizer Company, Augusta, Ga., and the Trade Mark of the Dickson Sweep.
J. A. SHIVERS, General Agent.
JAMES T. GARDINER, President. JAMES H. ALEXANDER, Superintendent.

Carroll & Ketchum, Agents,
dec23-d&w2m ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

CIGARS! CIGARS! CIGARS! CIGARS!

MEADOR & BROTHERS,

Cigar Manufactory, is now prepared to offer to their Customers,

AND TO DEALERS IN GENERAL—WHOLESALE.

The Schedule of Our Brands:

PUROS Regalia Finas,
Puros Londres de Regalo,
Puros Conchas Finas,
Puros Operas,
Consuelo Regalia Fina, La Crema Regalia Fina,
Gate City Londres de Regalo, Bouquet Londres de Regalo,
City Puff Conchas Finas, Bouquet Conchas Finas,
Empire State Londres, La Maravilla Londres.

With becoming modesty, we place before the public, the finest Cigars made this side of the VUELTA DE ABAJO, known as our CONQUEST BRAND, which comprises the following Vitolas:

IMPERIALS IN BOXES OF 50.
CONCHITAS IN BOXES OF 100.
TRABUCOS IN BOXES OF 250.

AND THE FOLLOWING LIST OF STAPLE BRANDS:

Legal Tender Imperiales, La Dalmara Trabucos,
El Trovador Regalias, El Trovador Regalias,
Flower of the South, Fine Regalia, Londres and Conchas,
El Amado, Fine Regalia, Londres and Conchas.

PARTAGAS.

Upmann, Miller; Imported, Millar; La Quinta Esencia, Londres, boxes of 100 and 50; Jockey El Marinero, La Pinta; La Oposicion; the Eagle Brand; [illegible] the Market; La Reformada, in boxes Flor de Cuba; La Africana; La Carolina, the cheapest Cigar [illegible] Principe Cigar in the Market, of 500 Cigars. The standing Brand, La Prensa, [illegible] our M B mark, consisting of Operas, Conchas, etc.

MEADOR & BROTHERS,
Tobacco Commission Merchants, Whitehall St., Atlanta.
jan22-d3m

CLAYTON HIGH SCHOOL,

JONESBORO, GEORGIA.

THE Spring session of this School will open on the second Monday in January, under the control of an able corps of teachers. Accessibility, health, thoroughness, and economy recommend this school to the public.
TERMS—For primary class, six months $12; for intermediate class, six months, $16; for advanced class, six months, $20. Board $15 per month. Music $5 per month. For further particulars address the Principal, and send for circular.
[illegible] W. A. MELSON Principal.

School Wanted!

A YOUNG Lady of experience, thoroughly qualified and well endorsed, desires a situation in a family of good position, to instruct privately, or will also take charge of a School. For particulars address BOX H., jan29-d1w Marietta, Ga.

GRAPE VINES.

20,000 TWO Year old Well Rooted Scuppernong Grape Plants for sale. Address J. B. STANLEY, Whiteville, Columbus Co., N. C.
jan25-d1m

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

OLD RHYMES REWRITTEN.

LAWS AND LADIES.

Boys and girls now never play,
That all belongs to another day.
They flirt and quiz and go to the ball.
Or lounge in opera box or stall.
They mount the ladder, and think it fine
With all the big quality folks to dine.

BELLE BELL.

Poor Miss Bell
Is not very well.
What makes her so?
A runaway beau—
Was not he a naughty man
His heels to show?

TO A SHAREHOLDER OF THE ——.

Goosey, goosey gander,
Whar'll ye go,
I wonder,
Up shares, down shares,
Not a bit of candor.
Catch me the director
Who ruined his affairs;
If not the right leg,
Seize on the left leg.
Poor shareholder has nothing left
But toils, trials and cares.

DEDICATED TO THE WEAKNESS OF THE FORCE.

Constable Horner
Hid in a corner,
Acting as Christmas spy;
He smiled on the cook,
And his dinner he took,
Saying, "What a p'liceman am I."

THE PRINCE.

A Graphic Picture of 'Is 'Ighness and His Staff.

Prince Arthur is described by the Boston Post as the perfect picture of an English "swell," exactly as represented by the late John Leech in the pages of the London Punch. His whiskers are of the long blond kind, full, wavy, and abundant. His features are rather sharp than otherwise; his nose is aquiline, and in stature, though rather above the medium height, he yet bears a strong resemblance to his brother, the Prince of Wales. His dress smacks of St. James street, London, (not St. James street, Montreal), and he has the precise, gentleman-like, correct appearance of those loungers in Hyde Park, who ogle the ladies over the railing of Rotten Row, or hold sly converse with pretty anonymas in pretty broughams. To particularize, he wore an olive-green broadcloth surtout, dark pantaloons, a standing collar, light scarf, and on his head a black silk hat was rakishly cocked; gloves and cane completed his whole get-up. He appears to have a careless, easy, affable way about him that seems natural and not assumed.

All the members of his suite are nobs of the first water. Col. Elphinstone is a man of the highest fashion, of large fortune, a fast liver, and well known in London and Montreal for gallantry, prodigality and courage. He is a cool duellist, a good soldier, and a thorough-paced man of the world. In point of looks he is as prepossessing as the Prince himself, and as royal in air and bearing; but of course yields in birth. Not so tall as the Prince, he is more foppish in his dress; his eye is black and piercing, his beard and moustache dark and full. The remainder of the party were ordinary-looking enough, and the odor of royalty vanished with their presence. Four linereied footmen, regular Jeemes, of the true yellow plush breed, brought up the rear. Nothing could be more gorgeous and impressive than their appearance in blazing livery, hair-powdered, calves of prodigious size, full-whiskered, pompous, imperturbable and scornful."

Political.

Ex-Congressman Samuel Oldham Peyton, of Kentucky, died at Hartford, in that State, on the 17th inst., aged 70 years.

Beau Hickman is giving lessons in deportment to a large but select class of unwashed Congressmen in Washington.

The Washington Chronicle is said to be preparing a reply to Mr. Dawes' speech, which reply is inspired by Secretaries Robeson and Cresswell.

Lindsay Muaz, who ushers in visitors to the Secretary of the Navy, was doing the same thing two years before the present Secretary was born, and has been doing it ever since.

Wright, State Senator from Beaufort, S. C., the same negro who was ejected from the ladies' car of the Danville Railroad, is a candidate for a seat in the Supreme Court of that State.

A New Discovery!!

PHALON'S

"VITALIA;"

OR,

Salvation for the Hair.

CLEAR AS WATER!
WITHOUT SEDIMENT!!
OPEN TO THE LIGHT!!!

For Restoring to Gray Hair its Original Color.

PHALON'S "VITALIA" differs utterly from all the hair coloring preparations heretofore used. It is limpid, sweet smelling, precipitates no muddy or slimy matter, requires no shaking, imparts no stain to the skin. Hold it to the light and it is clear and cloudless. It leaves no mark on the scalp; yet it reproduces in gray hair the natural color that time or sickness may have bleached out of it.

☞ Phalon's Vitalia ☜

is for one sole purpose, that of reproducing, with absolute certainty, the natural color of the hair. It is not intended as a daily dressing, nor for removing scurf or dandruff; nor for curing baldness; nor for stimulating the growth of the hair.—These objects may be accomplished after the color has been fixed with the Vitalia, by Phalon's Chemical Hair Invigorator.

THE VITALIA is a harmless and unequaled preparation for the reproduction of the original hue of gray hair, and nothing else. This is accomplished in from two to ten applications, according to the depth of shade required. Sold by all druggists.

TUTT'S VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS

Cures diseases of the Liver and Stomach

Tutt's Expectorant,

A pleasant cure for Coughs, Colds, etc.

Tutt's Sarsaparilla and Queen's Delight

The great Alterative and Blood Purifier.

Tutt's Improved Hair Dye,

Warranted the best dye in use.

These valuable preparations are for sale by all Druggists in Atlanta. june30-d1y

CLARK'S

"O. N. T."

Spool Cotton

IS THE BEST FOR

HAND AND MACHINE SEWING.

FOR SALE BY ALL

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DRY GOODS DEALERS.

dec15-deod3m

A New and Superior Variety of Cotton,

WITH FROM 200 TO 300 OPEN BOLLS ON THE STALK.

THE HOLMES EARLY PROLIFIC.

THE EARLIEST MATURING AND LARGEST PRODUCING COTTON KNOWN

The Subscriber offers the Seed of the above named Variety of Cotton Recommending it:

1ST. ON Account of its early maturity; and 2d. Its immense yield. This is the first introduction of it into Georgia. It has stood a thorough and severe test on the River Lands of the Mississippi. Four years ago, a few seed (not more than twelve or fifteen) were brought by a traveler from California; and since that time, I have been growing and increasing my crops of it, and every season have met with success. It has improved in early maturity and productiveness—in both has proven itself a wonderful variety, and not to myself alone, but to every one who has grown it or seen it grow:

For Want of Space I Can Only Offer a Few Testimonials:

Selma, Ala. July 22, 1869.

DR. H. J. HOLMES—Dear Sir: Your favor of the 9th inst., duly received, and I have delayed writing you, than your early prolific Cotton might further develop what it was likely to do. It has surpassed my expectations, and is the wonder of the farming community, who are watching its daily growth with great anxiety, and is visited by them as they come to town both far and near. The stand is not good, because we planted it sparingly, you recollect; then the cut worm in the spring injured it. It has not yet grown very tall—say four to five feet—but has limbed out from bottom to top—full twice as much cotton, the planters say, as is general on their farms, and full as well matured, although we planted it three weeks later. There are from 100 to 300 bolls now on the stalks.

Very truly,
J. F. DENNIS, Cotton Factor.

Selma, Ala., September 4, 1869.

DR. H. J. HOLMES, Atlanta, Ga.—Dear Sir: Your favor of the 3d inst., just to hand and contents noted. I am very much pleased with the early prolific Cotton. It has come fully up to the description you gave it. In some instances, there are three bolls to the joint, and from eight to twelve bolls to the limb. But I consider its greatest merit to be its early maturity. I am satisfied my little patch was three weeks early than an adjoining lot, planted on the same day mine was, (28th April). I am am also pleased to say that the staple is unusually long and fine.

Yours, very truly,
W. S. KNOX, Cotton Factor.

Union Springs, Ala., Sept. 6, 1869.

DR. H. J. HOLMES—Dear Sir: The Early Prolific Cotton is fully three or four weeks earlier in its maturity than any other Cotton planted in this neighborhood; at least, it has proved so with the experiment I made with it this year. I planted the Dixon on the 10th of April, and finished on the 17th with Peeler; yours on the 1st of May. Your Early Cotton had the first blooms. I shall give it a fair trial the next year, and will give you the result if desired.

Yours, most truly,
E. TROUP RANDALL.

"PLANTERS ARE CAUTIONED

Against purchasing from other parties than my authorized Agents, as I have not more than one thousand or twelve hundred bushels of these Seed for Sale.

Specimen stalks of this Cotton, containing 200 to 300 open and grown bolls, are exhibited in the Agricultural Warehouse of SAM. A. ECHOLS, where persons visiting Atlanta are invited to call and examine the Cotton for themselves.

Arrangements are made to supply parties wishing to plant only a small quantity of these Seed, by having them put up in small bags neatly done up, and sent by Express, or as otherwise directed—price $2.

Orders for these small parcels, sufficient to plant one quarter of an acre, must be made to

H. J. HOLMES, Atlanta, Ga.

Agents for the Sale of These Seed:

SAMUEL A. ECHOLS, Atlanta, Ga.
JUDGE J. FLETCHER JOHNSON, Montgomery, Ala.
J. F. DENNIS, Selma, Ala.
COLONEL LOCK, Union Springs, Ala.
GRAESER & SMITH, Charleston, S. C.

For my standing in Macon, I respectfully refer the public to Mr. P. W. J. Nobles, Atlanta, Ga.; (Freeman, Pure Valley, Ga.) Hon. Wm. L. Hartley, Hon. T. J. Wharton, Jackson, Miss. (dec21-d3m)

Railroads.

Winter Arrangement!

—:o:—

WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILWAY.

—:o:—

THE OLD RELIABLE PASSENGER ROUTE

TO ALL

Northern, Eastern and Western Cities,

Carrying Great Southern Express.

—:o:—

The Only Route from Atlanta

RUNNING A

Double Daily Through Train,

Preventing a possibility of twenty-four (24) hours delay, incident to lines having but one Daily Train.

—:o:—

The United States Mail

BETWEEN ATLANTA AND NEW YORK

Is Carried Exclusively by this Line.

—:o:—

Through Passenger Trains Leave Atlanta

8:15 A. M.--5:50 P. M.

Making close connection at Kingston for

Rome, Selma, Meridian and New Orleans.

At Chattanooga, with the East Tennessee and Georgia Railroad for all points

NORTH AND EAST VIA LYNCHBURG.

The Memphis and Charleston, for

Canton, Memphis and New Orleans,

AND POINTS WEST.

The Nashville and Chattanooga, for

Nashville and all Points North, East and West via Louisville.

—:o:—

Passengers have choice of

TWENTY-SIX DIFFERENT ROUTES

FROM

Atlanta to New York.

—:o:—

PULLMAN'S TRAVELING PALACES

ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS.

—:o:—

The Best Eating Houses in the Country.

—:o:—

NO MIDNIGHT CHANGES.

—:o:—

Finely Finished Cars well Heated and Ventilated.

—:o:—

QUICK TIME AND SURE CONNECTIONS.

—:o:—

Tickets for sale at all Ticket Offices for all Points Reached by this Line.

—:o:—

FARE SAME AS BY OTHER ROUTES.

—:o:—

Baggage Checked Through

—:o:—

☞ We do not advertise our Conductors. Their deportment and attention do that.

B. W. WRENN, Gen. Ticket Agent.
A. L. HARRIS, Master Transportation.
FOSTER BLODGETT, Superintendent,
nov28-d3m

THE

GREAT SOUTHERN

PASSENGER AND MAIL

ROUTE!

VIA:

ATLANTA AND AUGUSTA!

TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure at all seasons.

THE EATING HOUSES

On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

CONDUCTORS on this Line are affable and courteous to passengers.

NO CHANCE OF CARS

BETWEEN

West Point, Ga., & Wilmington, N. C.

Quick Time and Sure Connection

VIA GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Passengers can purchase Through Tickets and have their Baggage Checked through from

New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta,

TO

Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York.

BY

Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line

FARE AS LOW BY AUGUSTA

AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars

ON

All Night Trains Leaving Atlanta

BY THIS ROUTE.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a

Splendid Line of Steamships

From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia Boston and New York.

THE CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

UNRIVALLED ON THE COAST.

Through Tickets on Sale at

Montgomery, West Point & Atlanta

TO

NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

J. W. GREEN, Agent, Atlanta.
J. A. ROBERT,
General Ticket Agent, Georgia Railroad.
apr21-d1y

66

HAVING lately removed into Thrasher's new building, and opposite my former location, the public will do well to take

KNOWLEDGE

That, with a much more convenient house than before, I will be better able to serve them than ever. It

IS

POWER

Generally conceded and universally known that my system of business enables me to sell Boots, Shoes, Leather and Shoe Findings at a much lower price than our credit merchants can afford, thus giving the people the

POWER

To clothe their feet decently at a small expense. Do not fail to call at

I. T. BANKS',
nov16-[sep18] No. 66 Whitehall street.

FEMALE REGULATOR.

FEMALE REGULATOR,
$1.50 per Bot.

SUCCESS

UNPRECEDENTED!

Atlanta Department

SOUTHERN LIFE

Insurance Company.

Gen. JOHN B. GORDON, Pres't.

Progress UNEQUALLED by any Southern Company.

Over One Million Dollars of Insurance applied for monthly.

Secure. Its ratio of Assets to Liabilities scarcely excelled.

Economy. Strict economy in management is its prominent feature.

Expenses. Only about one half that of similar organizations of same age.

Popular. Its very rapid increase of business is proof.

Careful Selection of Risks is proven by extraordinary light losses.

Assets Over $600,000 00, and very rapidly increasing.

Policy-holders now number nearly 4,500.

All desirous of insuring are invited to examine our claims.

Active and Experienced Agents Wanted.

dec dtf W. C. MORRIS, Secretary.

TO SOUTHERN MERCHANTS AND MILLINERS.

HILL & KETCHAM,

287 Canal Street, New York.

INVITE the attention of the Southern trade to their complete assortment of

STRAW GOODS,

and all articles in the Millinery line, consisting of Straw, Silk and Velvet Hats, Sundowns, Straw Cords and Tassels, Flowers and Feathers, Trimmings of all kinds, Bonnet and Hat Frames, etc.

Special attention is given to a line of Trimmed Goods, for country trade. Orders filled with great care. A trial of styles and prices is solicited.

HILL & KETCHAM,
287 Canal Street,
Between Broadway and Ballers' Hotel.
nov12-d1y

Terhune & Thomas,

Commission Merchants in

LIVE STOCK

SLAUGHTERERS and Packers—Wholesale and Retail dealers in Beef, Pork, Mutton, etc. Constantly on hand,

Sausages, Corned and Spiced Beef.

Also, a large quantity of Choice Lard, prepared by ourselves for the trade and family use. We beg leave to inform the public, that we have just completed our VERY EXTENSIVE arrangements for Slaughtering and Packing Hogs, and would call the attention of parties interested, to the very superior Market which Atlanta affords for short Meats or Bones. We would also suggest to merchants, the advantage of slaughtering and packing their own Pork. Beats in the city. We are able to slaughter and deliver from three to five hundred Hogs a day. Direct letters to P. O. Box 67, Atlanta, Ga. nov12-d3m

O. L. SMITH. | E. T. STURGEON. | S. S. CONNOR.

SMITH, STURGEON & CO.,

Louisville, Kentucky,

WHOLESALE DEALERS in Provisions, Nos. 228 First, 227 Main, Cor. Ouse, Louisville. Consignments solicited and sales guaranteed. Liberal cash advances given on consignments to Cincinnati or other markets. Refer to Messrs. Adams & Rue. nov28-d3m

Bear Creek Hack Line!

WE have established a Hack Line from Bear Creek to Kingston, Ga., to connect with the Express Train. We will be in Kingston every Train to take passengers and baggage for the country. Leave Bear Creek at 7 A. M. and 2 P. M. Leave Kingston at 10 A. M. and 5 P. M.

SHILLWELL & BEVERLY.
oct31-d3m

THE WORLD'S WONDER

DR. ABBETT'S ANTI-DYSPEPTIC

—OR—

LIVER MEDICINE

A SAFE and certain cure for all kinds of Liver Complaints, and all diseases and indispositions that originate from a diseased state or inactivity of the Liver, such as

Chronic and Acute Inflammations of the Liver,
Dyspepsia, Sick Headache,
Sourness of the Stomach,
Loss of Appetite,
Lowliness of Spirits, Colic,
Costiveness, Fever, Ague,
Bilious Fever, Dropsy and Jaundice.

These Medicines are purely Vegetable, and perfectly harmless; but their efficacy is too permanently established in all the Southern and Western States to require any further recommendations. The wise will not fail to give them a fair trial—this is all that is asked.

RANDOLPH COUNTY, ALA.

DR. L. B. ABBETT—I do hereby certify that your Liver Medicine, has cured my wife of the Sick Headache, and I would recommend it to all who are suffering with it. She was afflicted all her life—at least thirty-five years. Has no symptoms now. JAMES B. JONES.

RANDOLPH CO., ALA., JAN. 2, 1869.

DR. L. B. ABBETT—I take pleasure in saying to you, that my wife has been afflicted for twelve years, and after taking a few portions of your Liver Medicine, was restored to her wonted health, and remains so, with very little symptom of the Dyspepsia or Liver Complaint.

JOEL FOWLER.

For sale by all the Druggists in Atlanta, and by Druggists everywhere.

CRAWFORD & WALKER, Prop'rs,
nov21-d1y West Point, Ga.

CORN!

PROLIFIC CORN!

I have a species of Corn which I obtained from a man in Virginia some two years ago. This man and his Corn have been denounced as humbugs. I am not able to say whether the seed I obtained is the "Egyptain Corn" or not, but I do know from having grown it twice, that it is by far the most valuable species of Corn ever planted in this country. I am well satisfied that two crops of this Corn can be produced in the same year in this climate, and I know that on the same land, with the same seasons and culture, it will yield three times as much as any other kind of corn of which I have any knowledge. I have planted it for two years, and have realized large crops, literally without rain. In this exceedingly dry year, if all the farmers of Bartow County had planted this corn, we would have been worth a million of dollars more than we are, and the people would have rejoiced in abundance of bread. I have some of this Corn for sale, and will dispose of it to those who wish to purchase at $6 a peck, delivered to the Railroad Agent at Kingston, Ga.

This Corn can be grown and gathered in this climate by the 15th of August, which gives far more ample time to prepare for and sow wheat, or other small grain on the same land. All orders to receive attention must be accompanied with the money, prepaid. I do not wish to sell less than one peck to any one order. Address me at Kingston, Ga. J. C. ROPER,
Sept. 28, 1869. Kingston, Ga.

We the undersigned citizens of Bartow county, do certify, that we visited the plantation of J. C. Roper about the 1st of August, 1869, and examined his field planted in the kind of Corn mentioned and described in his foregoing statement, and said field looked fresh and luxuriant, whilst the fields around and adjacent, seemed literally burned up with the drought. We are satisfied that Capt. Roper's statement about the Corn is true, and the undersigned, Lewis Tumlin, has already secured from him, seed to plant a large part of his crop the coming year. We counted twenty-three ears of corn produced from three grains this dry year. In our judgment, it is by far the most valuable Corn ever introduced into this country.

L. TUMLIN,
Cartersville, Ga.
MARK A. HARDIN,
Sept. 28, 1869. Kingston, Ga.

Capt. J. C. Roper, of Kingston, Ga., gave me a few ears of Corn, which I planted on a piece of gray upland. The land was very well prepared, and pretty well matured, and the Corn planted the 7th day of April, 1869. I know, that from the time the Corn was waist high, until it was well glazed in the grain, there never was a "season" of rain upon it, and yet was green and fresh until maturity, and did not seem to suffer from drought. The yield was extraordinary and the Corn attracted the attention of almost every passer by. I am no farmer, and had of course but a small plat of ground planted in this Corn, but if my judgment is worth anything, I can say, that if I had planted this Corn altogether, I would have made, in this dry year, three or four times as much Corn as I did.

GEO. N. LESTER.

☞ When the supply is exhausted, this advertisement will be withdrawn.

oct1-dtf

NO EXCUSE FOR IDLENESS—$200 to $500 PER MONTH made by Ministers, Teachers, Intelligent Young Men, Ladies, Farmers' Sons, etc., by selling our NEW IMPROVED COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE. It makes the elastic lock stitch and will hem, fell, stitch, tuck, bind, braid and embroider in a most superior manner. Price only $30. Fully warranted for three years. For simplicity and durability it has no equal. Experienced agents are greatly desired. TRAVELING AND LOCAL AGENTS WANTED IMMEDIATELY. For Circulars and terms to agents, address SECOMB & CO., Box 113, West Point, Ga. dec15-d3m

DR. RICHAU'S

GOLDEN REMEDIES,

ASK for no other, take no other, and you will save time, health and money.

$1,000 REWARD for any case of disease in any stage which they fail to cure.

Dr. RICHAU'S GOLDEN BALSAM No. 1, cures Ulcers, Ulcerated Sore Throat and Mouth, Sore Eyes, Cutaneous or Skin Eruptions, Copper Colored Blotches, Soreness of the Scalp, Copper Colored Spots, Sore Head, Sore Ears, Abscesses, and is the great Blood Renovator. Also Female and Infant. Further known, removes all diseases from the system, and leaves the blood pure and healthy.

Dr. RICHAU'S GOLDEN BALSAM No. 2 cures Gonorrhœa, Chronic Affections, Blood Diseases in all its forms, whether from secondary or other causes; gives immediate relief in all cases. No disease can exist where this remedy is used according to directions. There is no case of Confirmed Syphilis or Mercurial disease cannot be effected by these Remedies. Price of either No. 1 or No. 2, $2.50 per bottle, or two bottles for $4.50.

Dr. RICHAU'S GOLDEN ANTIDOTE, a safe, speedy, pleasant and radical cure, for all Urinary Diseases, and especially connected with Sexual Weakness. Price $2.50 per bottle.

Dr. RICHAU'S GOLDEN BALSAM No. 3 Acts, a radical cure for Nervous or General Debility, in old or young; imparting energy with wonderful effects. Price, $2.50 per bottle or two bottles for $4.50.

On receipt of price, these Remedies will be shipped to any place. Prompt attention paid to all letters of inquiry. Pamphlets sent free. Sold by the agents of Dr. RICHAU'S GOLDEN REMEDIES.

S. E. RICHARDS, sole Proprietor, Sole Agent for State of Georgia.

No. 329 Vesey st., New York.

Office hours from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. Sundays excepted. jan1-1y

GUANO! GUANO! GUANO! GUANO!

FARMERS TAKE NOTICE.

READ JUDGE SIMEON SMITH'S Certificate Showing result of his experiment With this WONDERFUL Guano. PRICE $72 50 PER TON

GUANO One of the RICHEST Phosphates GUANO Is the WORLD PRICE $62.00 Per Ton

AMMONIATED DISSOLVED BONES,

The Fertiliser that Col. R. G. Locket made 27,396 Pounds of Seed Cotton with on Six Acres

PRICE $78.00 PER TON.

Russell Coe's Ammoniated Bone Super-phosphate, Unexcelled,
Andrew Coe's Phosphate,
Ammoniated Soluble Phosphate,
Baugh's Super-Phosphate,
Magic Fertilizer, Very Rich,
Dickson's Compound.

PERUVIAN GUANO,

Land Plaster, Ball Dissolved Bones, Wharn's Raw Bone, Soluble Pacific, Bone Dust, Wilson's Cotton Seed, etc. Garden, Field and Flower Seeds in endless Variety. Osage Orange and Apple Seed, Early Rose Potatoes, Early Goodrich, Pink Eye, etc. Order any kind of Seed you may want from the Famous Norway Oats to the tiny Water Cress.

Agricultural Implements,

Of all sorts, including Murfee Subsoil Plows, Watt & Knight's great Turn Plows, Dow Lozier Planter, etc. Horsford's Bread Preparation. The best Yeast Powder in the World (one Guano soon, before you go to plowing.

MARK W. JOHNSON,
Jan7-dtf Guano Merchant, Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

LAMP OILS.

JOHN T. HAGAN,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
PETRO OIL,
AND
KEROSENE OIL.
Whitehall st., Atlanta, Ga.

LAMP GOODS.

Separate from my Oil business, I keep a first-class stock of

PLAIN AND FANCY GROCERIES,

Especially adapted to the RETAIL CITY TRADE. I have just received the following:

Pearl Hominy, Pearl Grits, Buckwheat Flour, Hams—new sugar-cured, Breakfast Bacon, Dried Beef, Fresh Mullet,
2,000 lbs. Candy—assorted, Citron, Canned Fruits, Dates, 20 kinds Crackers—fresh, Lobsters, Oysters, Salmon, Oranges, Lemons, Dressed Poultry, Pickled Pigs Feet, etc., etc.
Raisins, Figs, Currants, Cranberries, Pickles in Sour Crout, sardines, Bologna Sausage, Apples in quantity, Java Coffee—old Gov.

A fine lot of WHISKIES, WINES and RYE WHEAT JERSEY CIDER, on hand. Country Dealers would find it to their advantage to get their Lamp Oils and Lamp Goods of me.

☞ My OIL WAGON will start soon, when the citizens may have the best KEROSENE PETROLEUM OIL delivered at their doors, without extra charge.

☞ No Oil kept in Grocery Department.

dec12-d6m JOHN T. HAGAN,
Sign Red Tin

1869. FALL STOCK. 1869

M. C. & J. F. KISER,

WHITEHALL STREET,

Offer to the Trade the Celebrated Velocipede Brand

DOUBLE WARP BLACK ALPACAS

THIRTY-TWO INCHES WIDE—SURPASSING ALL OTHERS

We also offer to the trade a large Stock of Staple and Fancy Dry Goods, Yankee Notions, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Straw Goods, and Ready-Made Clothing. Having bought early in the season at rates much lower than the present, we will offer

SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS TO BUYERS.

To meet the increased demand, we have, in addition to our Sale Room on the first floor, a large second floor above, exclusively for the Wholesale Trade. This room is large and commodious, well lighted and ventilated. Buyers are respectfully requested to inspect Our Stock, and we guarantee full satisfaction. Wholesale Department Upstairs.

M. C. & J. F. KISER,
sep26-d1f Whitehall st.

THE WILLINGHAM FERTILIZER FOR COTTON, CORN & WHEAT.

THIS STANDARD MANURE, named after a well known practical Planter of South Carolina, combines in a concentrated form all the fertilizing elements necessary for the production of COTTON, CORN and WHEAT, and by its use is certain to increase not only the quantity but to improve the quality of the products. It is made with a special view to the wants of the soils of the South, and can be relied upon as to excellence of material, containing in every substance, the great cost of which have heretofore precluded their being used in Guanos. It can be depended on as uniform, always reliable, and productive of good crops.

ALBANY, GA., Sept. 1869.

Having a full knowledge of the composition and process of manufacture of the "Willingham Cotton, Corn, Wheat and Rice Fertilizer," I have no hesitation in pronouncing it to be a reliable fertilizer, one of the best in use, and most particularly adapted to the soil of Georgia and South Carolina. THOMAS H. WILLINGHAM.

Price per ton, 2000 lbs. Price per ton, 2000 lbs. 1st, on approved city acceptance

B. L. WILLINGHAM,

General Superv'sing Agents for South Carolina, Georgia & Alabama.

PHILLIPS & MYERS,

Manufacturers and Ceneral Agents, Savannah, Ga.

W. M. & R. J. LOWRY, AGENTS,
nov20—d6m Atlanta, Ga.

"Direct Trade with Europe."

J. M. ASHBRIDGE, of New Orleans.
J. S. HUTTON, of Macon, Georgia.

J. H. ASHBRIDGE & CO.,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

AND GENERAL

PURCHASING AGENTS

LIVERPOOL.

ASHBRIDGE, SMITH & CO., New Orleans.

Consignments Solicited. Particular attention given to the sale of Southern Lands to European Capitalists and intending Immigrants. Orders for Foreign Goods executed on best Possible Terms. may1-d1y

ASSOCIATE CAPITAL WANTED.

THE undersigned, for many years proprietor of the

Thomaston Factory,

located near Thomaston, Upson county, Ga., which property was destroyed by the Federal troops in the Spring of 1865, is desirous of improving said property, and for that purpose will receive a limited number of parties interested, to be invested as cash capital. The property is not offered for sale, but for the year 1870 will be leased to parties who will undertake the rebuilding, operating in all its branches, and running it for five years, dividing the net profits between them and the undersigned. There are two large three-story brick buildings, one of which is capable of running 5,000 spindles, and the other five hundred looms. There is on the dam and near the factory a grist-mill with three run of stones, and a saw-mill. The water power is unfailing, and the dam and mills are in good repair. The factory is in a healthy locality, and in a section of country abounding in cotton, corn and wheat. The latter is also a good grazing country, and stock can be kept at little expense. The purchase is of only interest and no profits to the undersigned.

For further information address
DR. C. BOWDRE,
Thomaston, Ga.

HENRY BANKS. HENRY BANKS.

Henry Banks & Co.

—DEALERS IN—

BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER,

SHOEMAKERS' TOOLS,

LASTS, PEGS, CALF-SKINS,

No. 6, Cherokee

PEACHTREE STREET,
just Gate